Embotelladora Andina - Water Security 2023

W0. Introducción

W0.1

(W0.1) Proporcione una descripción general y una presentación de su organización.

Embotelladora Andina S.A. (hereinafter Coca-Cola Andina", "Andina" or the "Company") is one of The Coca-Cola Company's largest franchisees in Latin America. Its principal activity is the production, bottling, commercialization, and distribution of The Coca-Cola Company's (TCCC) registered brands, as well as the commercialization and distribution of brands owned by Monster, AB InBev, Diageo, Capel, Campari, and Santa Rita, among others. The Company maintains operations and is licensed to produce, market and distribute such products in certain territories in Argentina (through Embotelladora del Atlántico S.A., hereinafter "EDASA" or "Coca-Cola Andina Argentina"), Brazil (through Rio de Janeiro Refrescos Ltda, hereinafter "Coca-Cola Andina Brazil"), Chile (through Embotelladora Andina S.A., hereinafter "Coca-Cola Andina Chile") and throughout Paraguay (through Paraguay Refrescos S.A., hereinafter "Paresa").

During 2022, the company serviced territories with approximately 55.7 million inhabitants, to whom it delivered 4,960 million liters of soft drinks, juices, bottled waters, beers and other alcoholic beverages, equivalent to 873.6-million-unit cases (volume measurement unit, equivalent to 24 - 237 cc (8 oz.) bottles or 5.678 liters). The company has 10 bottling plants in the four company it operates in, as well as 94 distribution centres.

The Company is equally controlled by the Chadwick Claro, Garcés Silva, Said Handal and Said Somavía families. Its proposal for generating value is to become a Total Beverage Company that uses its resources efficiently and sustainably. To achieve this, it maintains a relationship of excellence with its collaborators, customers, suppliers, the community and its strategic partner The Coca-Cola Company, in order to increase the return for its shareholders and all of its stakeholders.

W-FB0.1a/W-AC0.1a

(W-FB0.1a/W-AC0.1a) ¿En qué actividades del sector de alimentos, bebidas y tabaco, y/o de materias primas agrícolas participa su organización?

Procesamiento/Fabricación
Distribución

W0.2

(W0.2) Indique las fechas de comienzo y fin del año sobre el que proporciona información.

	Fecha de comienzo	Fecha de finalización
Año de reporte	enero 1 2022	diciembre 31 2022

W0.3

(W0.3) Seleccione los países/las áreas en las que opera.

Argentina
Brasil
Chile
Paraguay

W0.4

(W0.4) Seleccione la moneda utilizada para toda la información financiera divulgada en su respuesta.

CLP

W0.5

(W0.5) Indique la opción que mejor describa el alcance de la divulgación de información para las empresas, las entidades o los grupos para los cuales se informan los impactos relacionados con el agua en su actividad comercial.

Empresas, entidades o grupos sobre los cuales se ejerce control operacional

W0.6

(W0.6) Dentro de este alcance, ¿hay alguna región geográfica, instalación o aspecto hídrico que no esté incluido en su divulgación, o alguna otra exclusión?

No

W0.7

(W0.7) ¿Su organización tiene un código ISIN u otro identificador único (por ejemplo, Ticker, CUSIP, etc.)?

Indique si puede proporcionar un identificador único para su organización.	Proporcione su identificador único
Sí, un código ISIN	Andina/A - CLP3697U1089
Sí, un código ISIN	Andina/B - CLP3697S1034
Sí, un código ISIN	AKO/A - US29081P2048
Sí, un código ISIN	AKO/B - US29081P3038

W1. Estado actual

W1.1

(W1.1) Califique la importancia (actual y futura) de la calidad y cantidad del agua para el éxito de su empresa.

	Calificación de la importancia del uso directo	Calificación de la importancia del uso indirecto	Por favor, explique.
Cantidades suficientes de agua dulce de buena calidad disponible para su uso	Vital	Vital	Water is the main raw material of our drink production process, as well as fundamental resource for the life of people and the planet, aware of this, we strive for responsible use, we develop processes that allow greater consumption efficiency, and we replenish this vital resource to nature. In 2022, we extracted approximately 7 million cubic meters of water, mostly from underground sources. This is also true for our indirect water use, as we source sugar and soy to produce our beverages, and the availability of sufficient amounts of good quality freshwater is crucial for these suppliers. In our direct operations, we continue our efforts to reduce our water footprint and increase water efficiency, aiming to comply with our target of water use ratio (WUR) Liters of water consumed per liter of beverage produced, a 1.27 Water Ratio (WUR) by 2030, as well as the Target of the Coca-Cola System: return 100% of the water used in the production of our beverages.
Cantidades suficientes de agua reciclada, salobre y/o producida disponible para su uso	Vital	Vital	Direct use: Although the largest percentage of our input comes from underground well, our operations depend on a high volume of treated municipal water (1.2 million cubic meters in 2022), as well as recycled water from our own operations (1.1 million cubic meters in 2022), equivalent of the 15% of the total water used. Recycled water is also relevant for our value chain, as its use can enhance de resilience of our sugar and soy suppliers. Recycled water use is limited to auxiliary activities such as cleaning-in-place (CIP) processes, water utility needs and water treatment operations. For these processes we have implemented water recovery systems to enable us to use water that meets or exceeds drinking water standards. We implement measures to reuse the brackish water of the osmosis plant by using ultrafiltration after the secondary process. This allows us to recover a high-quality water and improve efficiency of our operations. In 2022, Embotelladora Andina carried out the first tests for reuse water in its processes that have direct contact with the product (bottle rinsing and bottle washing), however this reused water is not used directly in the product. Between 2022 and 2021, we achieved our objective by increasing water reuse by 39.3% compared to the previous year. Since 2018, we have recovered more than 2.5 million cubic meters of water, achieving a 15% recovery rate of water reused over the total extracted by 2022. Water availability will continue to be an important issue in our organization, especially in areas of water stress, such as the Renca Plant in Chile. For this reason, we plan to increase the levels of water recovery and reuse, in addition to implementing water efficiency projects through large investment projects. Our primary challenge is to approach total water recovery levels for permitted reuse standards, for which we continue to develop and validate processes with The Coca-Cola Company to expand our future reuse capacity.

W-FB1.1a/W-AC1.1a

(W-FB1.1a/W-AC1.1a) ¿Qué materias primas agrícolas que requieren un uso intensivo del agua y que su organización produce y/u obtiene son las más importantes para su negocio en términos de ingresos? Seleccione hasta cinco.

Materias primas agrícolas	% de los ingresos que dependen de estas materias primas agrícolas	Producidas y/u obtenidas	Por favor, explique.
Azúcar	61-80	Obtenidas	Currently, a large part of the beverages produced by the company depend on sugar. More specifically, 64% of the company's income comes from beverages which contain sugar. All of the sugar used by Embotelladora Andina is sourced from third party suppliers, produced mainly from beet, cane and high fructose corn syrup. The rest of beverages produced are part of the soft drinks category, which include waters, juices, energy drinks, and isotonic beverages. Indirect use: We buy sugar from suppliers with BONSUCRO certification. At least a third of our sugar suppliers have the BONSUCRO or Better Sugar Cane Initiative certification, on which key production indicators are assessed, such as energy and water consumption, and greenhouse gas emissions. Currently, 54% of our sugar suppliers are located in water stress area (from high (40%) to extremely high (>80%), according to WRI tool. They supply us with sugar from Chile, Brazil and Tucumán, Argentina. The rest of our sugar suppliers are in Paraguay and in other regions in Argentina, where water is not an issue. We require our sugar suppliers to adhere to the Supplier Guiding Principles (SGPs) and the Principles for Sustainable Agriculture (PSA), as part of the TCCC principles.
Soja	Menos del 10 %	Obtenidas	We buy soybeans from third-party suppliers to use in our soy beverages of the Ades brand. This represented 0.8% of our revenue in 2022. We require our soy suppliers to adhere to the Supplier Guiding Principles (SGPs) and the Principles for Sustainable Agriculture (PSA), as part of the TCCC principles. All of our soy suppliers are certified by the Round Table for Responsible Soy (RTRS) and are located in Argentina, in areas considered to be without water stress by the WRI Tool.

W1.2

(W1.2) En todas sus operaciones, ¿qué proporción de los siguientes aspectos hídricos se miden y monitorean con regularidad?

	% de sitios/instalaciones/operaciones	Frecuencia de las mediciones	Método de medición	Por favor, explique.
Extracciones de agua - volúmenes totales	100 %	Continuamente	It is measured continuously, with daily, weekly or monthly closings depending on the operation and decisions are made online. It is monitored in 100% of our facilities with manual and/or online flowmeters.	Water withdrawals are measured continuously, and it is monitored in 100% of our facilities with manual and/or online flowmeters. We do this as part of our environmental and operational reporting process, mainly for internal purposes and for disclosure in the annual report, which is available on our website and in accordance with the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) standard for preparing Sustainability Reports, and the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB). Embotelladora Andina has four different sources of water extraction: fresh surface water, fresh groundwater, drinking water purchased from external suppliers (tap water), and rainwater. The Company measures and monitors water withdrawal from each source, mainly to comply with the water property rights that exist in the areas surrounding the different operations, which cannot be exceeded in accordance with the national legislation and to comply with internal targets of water efficiency.
Extracciones de agua - volúmenes por fuente	100 %	Continuamente	It is measured continuously, with daily, weekly or monthly closings depending on the operation and decisions are made online. It is monitored in 100% of our facilities with manual and/or online flowmeters.	This aspect is measured and monitored monthly in 100% of our facilities as part of our environmental reporting process, mainly for internal purposes and for disclosure in the annual report. Water withdrawals by source are measured through on-site water flowmeters with manual and/or online monitoring systems, and are continuously measured on a daily, weekly, and/or monthly basis, depending on the operation. The company has four different sources of water extraction: fresh surface water, fresh groundwater and drinking water purchased from external suppliers and rainwater. The Company measures and monitors water withdrawal (liters per second) from each source, mainly to comply with the water property rights that exist in the areas surrounding the different operations, which cannot be exceeded in accordance with the national legislation and to comply with internal targets of water efficiency.
Agua arrastrada asociada con sus actividades del sector de metales y minería, o del carbón - volumen total [solamente para los sectores de metales y minería, y carbón]	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>
Agua producida asociada con sus actividades del sector de petróleo y gas - volúmenes totales [solamente para el sector de petróleo y gas]	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>
Calidad de las extracciones de agua	100 %	Continuamente	It is measured daily by our qualified laboratory personnel strictly adhering to KORE and legal requirements established in each country that we operate. In addition, externals controls are carried out quarterly in third-party laboratories.	This parameter is measured at 100% of the facilities to ensure that the extracted water meets the necessary parameters for the intended purpose (for example: use in beverages, washing equipment, cleaning in place, etc.). The monitored parameters are alkalinity, pH, conductivity temperature and free chlorine. Controls are carried out daily in the internal laboratories of each one of the plants, strictly adhering to the legal requirements established in each country and the Operating Regulations of The Coca-Cola Company. In addition, externals controls are carried out quarterly in third-party laboratories. We also carry out on-site analysis of other water parameters related to know if the water we are using is safe to drink. This is also a requirement for FSSC 22000, on which we have certification. We conduct daily analysis of DQO and temperature, and at least three times per week of pH, and suspended solids (SS).

	% de sitios/instalaciones/operaciones	Frecuencia de las mediciones	Método de medición	Por favor, explique.
Vertido de agua - volumen total	100 %	Continuamente	It is measured continuously, with daily, weekly or monthly closings depending on the operation and decisions are made online. It is monitored in 100% of our facilities with manual and/or online flowmeters.	Water withdrawals are measure in 100% of our facilities with manual and/or online flowmeters. We do this as part of our environmental and operational reporting process, mainly for internal purposes and for disclosure in the annual report, which is available on our website and in accordance with the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) standard for preparing Sustainability Reports, and the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB). Embotelladora Andina has four different sources of water extraction: fresh surface water, fresh groundwater, drinking water purchased from external suppliers (tap water), and rainwater. The Company measures and monitors water withdrawal from each source, mainly to comply with the water property rights that exist in the areas surrounding the different operations, which cannot be exceeded in accordance with the national legislation and to comply with internal targets of water efficiency.
Vertido de agua - volúmenes por destino	100 %	Continuamente	It is measured continuously, with daily, weekly or monthly closings depending on the operation and decisions are made online. It is monitored in 100% of our facilities with manual and/or online flowmeters.	This aspect is measured and monitored monthly in 100% of our facilities as part of our environmental reporting process, mainly for internal purposes and for disclosure in the annual report. Water withdrawals by source are measured through on-site water flowmeters with manual and/or online monitoring systems, and are continuously measured on a daily, weekly, and/or monthly basis, depending on the operation. The company has four different sources of water extraction: fresh surface water, fresh groundwater and drinking water purchased from external suppliers and rainwater. The Company measures and monitors water withdrawal (liters per second) from each source, mainly to comply with the water property rights that exist in the areas surrounding the different operations, which cannot be exceeded in accordance with the national legislation and to comply with internal targets of water efficiency.
Vertido de agua - volúmenes por método de tratamiento	100 %	Continuamente	It is measured continuously, with daily, weekly or monthly closings depending on the operation and decisions are made online. It is monitored in 100% of our facilities with manual and/or online flowmeters.	This aspect is measured and monitored monthly in 100% of our facilities as part of our environmental reporting process, mainly for internal purposes and for disclosure in the annual report. Water is discharged to three possible destinations: surface water, groundwater, and municipal/industrial wastewater treatment plants. Flow meters are installed at each wastewater discharge point that measure the volume. All discharged water is treated at our facilities through a primary, secondary and/or tertiary process, depending on the operation and the quality of the water. Only at the Renca Plant in Chile and Trelew in Argentina, we send them to a third-party to be treated. This is always in compliance with local regulations.
Calidad del vertido de agua - por parámetros estándar del efluente	100 %	Continuamente	It is measured continuously, with daily, weekly or monthly closings depending on the operation by qualified laboratory personnel.	This aspect is measured and monitored monthly in 100% of our facilities. Water is discharged to three possible destinations: surface water, groundwater, and municipal/industrial wastewater treatment plants. We measure pH, flow rate and temperature on a daily basis. These are monitored through on-site calibrated monitoring systems and/or through samples carried out by our quality laboratory. These samples are completed daily at a minimum to analyze for organic load (COD/BOD) and total suspended solids (TSS) per KORE and local legal requirements. We maintain detailed records of the level and methods of treatment of downloads at all sites. In addition, we have internal documents with the required wastewater treatment parameters that we have to monitor, the limits for each KPI and method used. Among these parameters, we monitor biological oxygen demand (BOD), chlorine (residual or free), temperature, pH, and other key parameters.
Calidad del vertido de agua - emisiones al agua (nitratos, fosfatos, pesticidas y/u otras sustancias prioritarias)	No relevante	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	Although we monitor these parameters on a monthly basis, it is to comply with local legal regulations. We have marked this as not relevant due to the fact that we have internal RO plants that purify the water before use and the other analyzes that are carried out by our internal laboratory. Additionally, nitrates, phosphates, pesticides and/or other priority substances are not relevant to our operation since we do not have agricultural operations. We do not expect the relevance of this aspect to change in the near future.
Calidad del vertido de agua - temperatura	100 %	A diario	It is measured daily by qualified laboratory personnel.	Our manufacturing facilities treat 100% of their effluents, both in their own facilities and those of third parties, guaranteeing the final quality required. To do this, we carry out daily sampling that measures, among other things, temperature, pH and total dissolved solids, in strict adherence to the technical standards established in each country and to The Coca-Cola Company's Operational Requirements (KORE requirements). The temperature is measured daily by our qualified personnel from quality or operational areas, and it is conducted monthly by a third-party.
Consumo de agua - volumen total	100 %	Continuamente	It is measured continuously, with daily, weekly or monthly closings depending on the operation by qualified laboratory personnel.	As part of our environmental reporting process, this aspect is measured and monitored monthly in 100% of our facilities, mainly for internal purposes and for disclosure in the annual report. Primarily, water consumption is measured as the amount of water used for soft drinks in the bottling process, and in auxiliary processes, which include effluent discharge and evaporative losses.
Agua reciclada/reutilizada	100 %	Continuamente	It is measured continuously, with daily, weekly or monthly closings depending on the operation by qualified laboratory personnel.	This aspect is measured and monitored monthly in 100% of our facilities, mainly for internal purposes, for disclosure in the annual report and to monitoring water efficiency. In order to reuse the water that is a part of its production process, the company has implemented new technology that has allow it to safely reintroduce the water into the system, thereby increasing the efficiency of the process and gradually decreasing the amount of water withdrawn from natural sources. We achieve this by adhering to the strictest local regulations and developing our own quality and efficiency controls for water use in the countries where we conduct business. Finally, as a company, we have a water reuse target by 2030, and we measure the reuse of this resource year by year. Since 2018, we have recovered more than 2.5 million cubic meters of water, achieving a 15% recovery rate over the total water extracted in 2022. Also, between 2021 and 2022, we increase water reuse by 39.3%.

	% de sitios/instalaciones/operaciones	Frecuencia de las mediciones	Método de medición	Por favor, explique.
La provisión de servicios de agua, saneamiento e higiene (WASH, por sus siglas en inglés) de pleno rendimiento y gestionados de forma segura para todos los trabajadores	100 %	Continuamente	It is measured continuously, with daily, weekly or monthly closings depending on the operation and decisions are made online. It is monitored in 100% of our facilities with manual and/or online flowmeters.	This aspect is monitored in 100% of our plants and distribution centers. The provision of fully functioning and well-managed WASH services to all employees is a requirement outlined in our Company Operating Requirements (KORE). In this sense, access to drinking water is a matter of vital importance for the operation, as well as to take care of the hygiene and sanitation of our workers and products. This is why we work under strict food hygiene standards, and we have FSSC 22000 certification in all of our facilities, which guarantees compliance with strict protocols. On top of that, the company provides full access to drinking water and sanitary services in all the Plants and distribution centers. According to Chilean law (Article 21 of Supreme Decree 594), for every 10 workers there must be at least one sink, one toilet and one shower, independent and separated by gender. The access that the Company provides to hygiene services goes beyond the minimum requirements established by law.

W1.2b

(W1.2b) ¿Cuáles son los volúmenes totales de extracción, vertido y consumo de agua en todas sus operaciones, cómo son estos volúmenes en comparación con los del año de reporte anterior, y cómo se prevé que cambien?

	Volumen (megalitros/año)	Comparación con el año del reporte anterior	Motivo principal de la comparación con el año del reporte anterior	Pronóstico de cinco años	Motivo principal de la previsión	Por favor, explique.
Total de extracciones	7033	Casi igual	Aumento/Disminución de la actividad comercial	Casi igual	Aumento/Disminución de la actividad comercial	Absolute water withdrawals remained almost constant, increasing only slightly in 2022 compared to the previous year (Deviation +/- 5% = about the same). This increase corresponds to an increase in business activity, mainly in the increase of beverage production. Business activity increases in aproximately 5% from year to year, which means that more water must be withdrawled, water being the main ingredient in our products. However, regarding the trend of water extraction for the next five years, we expect this indicator to maintain constant. Indeed, as business activity continues to expand year to year, we plan to further implement water efficiency and reutilization measures, which means that more water will be reutilized, and water extraction levels would maintain constant. Of note, the information on water aspects considered in this submission includes Coca-Cola Andina and its main subsidiaries (Coca-Cola Andina Argentina, Coca-Cola Andina Brazil and Paresa).
Total de vertido	2779	Casi igual	Inversión en procesos/tecnologías con consumo inteligente del agua	Menor	Inversión en procesos/tecnologías con consumo inteligente del agua	Total water discharges remained almost with no change, decreasing only slightly in 2022 compared to the previous year (Deviation +/- 5% = about the same). This decrease corresponds to the implementation of different water efficiency and reutilization measures during the current and past years. Specifically, the company has implemented different actions to increase water reuse: optimization of reverse osmosis equipment to decrease rejection, digitization of flow meters, improved bottle washing technology, and effluent recovery systems. All of these efforts are part of our 2030 target to achieve a ratio of 1.27 liters of water used per liter of beverage produced (1.71 in 2022). In regard to the trend of water discharges for the next five years, we expect this indicator to decrease, as we will continue to implement other water efficiency projects over the next years. Improved water efficiency and water reuse will most likely traduce in lower discharge volumes. Also, we plan to implement an Investment Policy in water reuse. Of note, the information on water aspects considered in this submission includes Coca-Cola Andina and its main subsidiaries (Coca-Cola Andina Argentina, Coca-Cola Andina Brazil and Paresa).
Consumo total	4254	Mayor	Aumento/Disminución de la actividad comercial	Casi igual	Aumento/Disminución de la actividad comercial	In 2022, total water consumption increased compared to the previous year. This increase corresponds to a slight increase in water extraction for higher beverage production, as well as an increase in water reuse. On one hand, slightly more water was extracted in 2022, due to an increase in beverage production, and on the other hand, water reuse increased significantly by 39.3% between 2021 to 2022. This helped to reduce the amount of total water discharged. This means, slightly more water being extracted, and less water being discharged, which implies that more water is being used as beverages, and less water is used in auxiliary processes. In terms of trend of water consumption for the next five years, we expect this indicator to remain constant with a slight increase. This trend is anticipated due to the fact that beverage production is expected to increase by at least 5% year to year, and further water efficiency and reuse projects are expected to be implemented. Both aspects convined, slighty more water being extracted and less water being discharged, would mean a slightly higher water consumption trend. Of note, the information on water aspects considered in this submission includes Coca-Cola Andina and its main subsidiaries (Coca-Cola Andina Argentina, Coca-Cola Andina Brazil and Paresa).

W1.2d

(W1.2d) Indique si se extrae agua de áreas con estrés hídrico, y especifique la proporción, cómo se compara con el año de reporte anterior, y cómo se prevé que cambie.

	Las extracciones se realizan en áreas con estrés hídrico	% de las extracciones que se realizan en áreas con estrés hídrico	Comparación con el año del reporte anterior	Motivo principal de la comparación con el año del reporte anterior	Pronóstico de cinco años	Motivo principal de la previsión	Herramienta de identificación	Por favor, explique.
Fila 1	Sí	11-25	Menor	Aumento/Disminución de la eficiencia	Casi igual	Aumento/Disminución de la actividad comercial	WRI Aqueduct	The percentage of water withdrawals from water-stressed areas decreased from 2021 to 2022 due to the acceleration of investment plans for water efficiency measures in the Renca plant in Chile. The Renca plant is our only bottling plant located in a water-stressed basin, according to WRI Aqueduct identification tool, on which water efficiency efforts have concentrated. Indeed, the water use ratio (liters of water used per liters of beverage produced) of the Renca Plant decreased by 6% from 2021 to 2022, mainly due to the implementation of a nano filtration system. These types of measures allow us to increase water reuse, and in consequence, reduce the amount of water extracted needed to produce beverages. Water extraction at the Renca plant decreased by 8% between 2021 and 2022. All of these efforts are part of our 2030 target to achieve a ratio of 1.27 liters of water used per liter of beverage produced, which in 2022 we have managed to achieve an overall WUR of 1.71 (liters of water used / liters of beverages produced), for all our facilities. In regards of the trend of this indicator for the next five years, the percentage of water extractions from water-stressed areas is only expected to decrease slightly. Although there are projects on course to build an effluents treatment facility for the Renca plant, which will further improve water efficiency and reuse, water extraction for this plant is not expected to decrease lower than an 11%, as it currently represents 23% of withdrawals in 2022.

W-FB1.2e/W-AC1.2e

(W-FB1.2e/W-AC1.2e) Para cada materia prima indicada en la pregunta W-FB1.1a/W-AC1.1a, ¿conoce la proporción que se produce/obtiene de áreas con estrés hídrico?

Materias primas agrícolas	Se conoce la proporción de esta materia prima que se produce en áreas con estrés hídrico	Se conoce la proporción de esta materia prima que se obtiene de áreas con estrés hídrico	Por favor, explique.
Soja	No corresponde	Sí	We use the WRI Aqueduct Tool to identify sugar suppliers that may be located in water-stressed areas. Using the WRI Aqueduct water-stress map, we identified our suppliers located in water-stressed zones. Currently, 54% of our sugar suppliers are in water stress area (from high (40%) to extremely high (>80%), according to WRI tool, located in Chile and Brazil. The rest of our sugar suppliers are located in Paraguay and in other regions in Argentina, where water stress is not an issue. We require our sugar suppliers to adhere to the Supplier Guiding Principles (SGPs) and the Principles for Sustainable Agriculture (PSA), as part of the TCCC principles. Of note, we do note produce any agricultural commodities.
Azúcar	No corresponde	Sí	We use the WRI Aqueduct Tool to identify soy suppliers that may be located in water-stressed areas. Using the WRI Aqueduct water-stress map, we identified our suppliers located in water-stressed zones. We have two soybean suppliers, of which are located in Argentina. The areas where soybeans come from do not appear to be located in a water stress area according to the WRI Aqueduct tool. We require our soy suppliers to adhere to the Supplier Guiding Principles (SGPs) and the Principles for Sustainable Agriculture (PSA), as part of the TCCC principles. Of note, we do note produce any agricultural commodities.

W-FB1.2g/W-AC1.2g

(W-FB1.2g/W-AC1.2g) ¿Qué proporción de las materias primas agrícolas obtenidas que se indicaron en W-FB1.1a/W-AC1.1a se origina en áreas con estrés hídrico?

Materias primas agrícolas	% del total de materias primas agrícolas que se obtienen de áreas con estrés hídrico	Por favor, explique.
Azúcar	51-75	Currently, 54% of our sugar suppliers are in water stress area (from high (40%) to extremely high (>80%), according to WRI tool, located in Chile and Brazil. The rest of our sugar suppliers are located in Paraguay and in other regions in Argentina, where water stress is not an issue. We require our sugar suppliers to adhere to the Supplier Guiding Principles (SGPs) and the Principles for Sustainable Agriculture (PSA), as part of the TCCC principles.
Soja	0 %	We have two soybean suppliers, of which are located in Argentina. The areas where soybeans come from do not appear to be located in a water stress area according to the WRI tool. We require our soy suppliers to adhere to the Supplier Guiding Principles (SGPs) and the Principles for Sustainable Agriculture (PSA), as part of the TCCC principles.

W1.2h

(W1.2h) Proporcione datos sobre la extracción total de agua por fuente.

	Relevancia	Volumen (megalitros/año)	Comparación con el año del reporte anterior	Motivo principal de la comparación con el año del reporte anterior	Por favor, explique.
Agua superficial dulce, inclusive agua de lluvia, humedales, ríos y lagos	Relevante	0.48	Mucho mayor	Aumento/Disminución de la actividad comercial	Water is the main ingredient of our products and vital for the operation of our processes. As a result, an increase in production will inherently lead to a higher demand for water. Fresh surface water and collected rain is only 7% of the water withdrawn by 2022, and this are sourced from direct measurements. This has increased by 35% compared to last year, with 480 megaliters being withdrawn in 2022, and all the water extracted passes through our Osmosis Plants. This increase in water withdrawal is due to two factors, the first factor is the increase in demand for the product by at least 5% and the second factor is due to the fact that we also increased the rainfall collected by 32% between 2021 and 2022. Although we have increased the withdrawal of fresh surface water, we plan to increase the collection of rainwater in the future.
Agua superficial salobre/agua salada	No relevante	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	Embotelladora Andina does not use brackish water or seawater in any of our direct operations, nor is it used in any part of our supply chain. The characteristics of this water source are not suitable for our operations.
Agua subterránea - renovable	Relevante	5393	Casi igual	Aumento/Disminución de la actividad comercial	Water is the main ingredient of our products and vital for the operation of our processes. As a result, an increase in production will inherently lead to a higher demand for water, particularly groundwater, which was our main source of water in 2022, equivalent to 77% of the water withdrawn (5,393 megaliters per year). Despite experiencing a year-over-year increase in product demand of at least 5%, we have managed to keep our groundwater withdrawal relatively stable compared to the previous year. This achievement can be attributed to our efforts to enhance water efficiency and promote water reuse in auxiliary processes. Between 2021 and 2022, we successfully increased water reuse by 39.3%, which contributed to groundwater withdrawal staying about the same over the past two years. In the future, we want to keep groundwater withdrawal more or less the same, as we want to increase the volume of water reused.
Agua subterránea - no renovable	No relevante	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	All of the groundwater sources which Embotelladora Andina uses in its operations, are renewable.
Agua producida/arrastrada	No relevante	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	Embotelladora Andina does not operate in the oil and gas, or other extractive, industry.
Fuentes de terceros	Relevante	1160	Mayor	Aumento/Disminución de la actividad comercial	Water is the main ingredient of our products and vital for the operation of our processes. As a result, an increase in production will inherently lead to a higher demand for water. Water withdrawal by third-party sources was equivalent to 16% of total water withdrawal in 2022 (1,160 megaliters), and only slightly increased by 7% compared to 2021. This slight increase is mainly due to increased demand in products and the use for sanitation and hygiene of our workers and facilities. In the future, we want to reduce the amount water used by third party sources and implement more water efficiency projects.

W1.2i

(W1.2i) Proporcione datos sobre el vertido total de agua por destino.

	Relevancia	Volumen (megalitros/año)	Comparación con el año del reporte anterior	Motivo principal de la comparación con el año del reporte anterior	Por favor, explique.
Agua superficial dulce	Relevante	478.7	Mucho menor	Aumento/Disminución de la actividad comercial	Surface freshwater discharge has decreased significantly by 66% between 2021 and 2022, mainly due to water efficiency projects and increased water reuse at the Duque de Caxias plant in Brazil. Overall, the reuse of water has increased by 39.3% between 2021 and 2022, this through the implementation of the brackish water ultrafiltration system of the Osmosis plant and its reuse for auxiliary processes, such as cleaning-in-place (CIP) processes and sanitization. This has allowed us to reduce water discharge and maintain approximately the same water withdrawal in some cases.
Agua superficial salobre/agua salada	No relevante	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	Embotelladora Andina does not use brackish water or seawater in any of our direct operations, nor is it used in any part of our supply chain. The characteristics of this water source are not suitable for our operations.
Agua subterránea	Relevante	86.9	Mucho menor	Aumento/Disminución de la actividad comercial	Groundwater discharge has decreased significantly by 38% between 2021 and 2022, mainly due to water efficiency projects and increased water reuse at the Antofagasta Plant in Chile. Overall, the reuse of water has increased by 39.3% between 2021 and 2022, this has allowed us to reduce the discharge of water and maintain extraction in some cases.
Destinos de terceros	Relevante	2213.8	Mucho mayor	Cambio en la metodología de contabilidad	Water discharge to third party destinations has increased significantly by 70% between 2021 and 2022, mainly due to a change in the methodology. In 2022, Argentina have changed its methodology to calculate this parameter and now, it has classified all water discharges as a third-party destination.

W1.2j

(W1.2j) En sus operaciones directas, indique el mayor nivel al que trata su vertido.

	Relevancia del nivel de tratamiento para el vertido	Volumen (megalitros/año)	Comparación del volumen tratado con el año de reporte anterior	Motivo principal de la comparación con el año del reporte anterior	% de sus sitios/instalaciones/operaciones a los que se aplica este volumen	Por favor, explique.

	Relevancia del nivel de tratamiento para el vertido	Volumen (megalitros/año)	Comparación del volumen tratado con el año de reporte anterior	Motivo principal de la comparación con el año del reporte anterior	% de sus sitios/instalaciones/operaciones a los que se aplica este volumen	Por favor, explique.
Tratamiento terciario	Relevante	1281	Casi igual	Aumento/Disminución de la eficiencia	31-40	We follow the KORE Wastewater Management standard from The Coca Cola Company and comply with al local regulation in this matter. The rationale for the level of treatment applied to discharge depends on the level water reuse that is needed in each facility. Our effluent discharge was 2,779,296 m3 in 2022, made up of 73% treated in our own facilities and 27% treated in third-party facilities. That being said, the effluents that are treated at our facilities include that almost half of our discharged water volume is treated in our tertiary treatments, 27% of these effluents are treated in secondary processes and 27% on third parties without treatment. This means that we have wastewater treatment plants available at our facilities for most of our effluents. In addition, investments were recently approved for a new effluent treatment plant in Chile and to expand the existing plant in Argentina. It is important to highlight that we maintain, for the most part, a high level of effluent treatment in the main localities where the treatment is our own. Likewise, 100% of our effluents generated in our operations are treated, either in our own operations or in third-party facilities. In the Brazil and Paraguay Plants, 100% of the effluents are treated in their own facilities. In addition, in Argentina, thanks to the expansion, we have already reached 96% of the effluents treated in our own facilities. Change in volume: 1.349 megaliters were treated to tertiary level in the previous year and 1.281 megaliters were treated to tertiary level this year. Therefore, the volume has slightly decreased by 67 megaliters, which is considered to be about the same than the previous year (equivalent to a decrease of -5%). This slightly decrease is due to our efficiency measures implemented. Anticipated future trend: Discharge volumes treated to tertiary level at our own operations are expected to increase since that we have already approved the implementation of new effluents plants.
Tratamiento secundario	Relevante	754	Mucho mayor	Aumento/Disminución de la actividad comercial	41-50	We follow the KORE Wastewater Management standard from The Coca Cola Company and comply with al local regulation in this matter. The rationale for the level of treatment applied to discharge depends on the level water reuse that is needed in each facility. In some of our operations, only secondary treatment is used to recover water into the process. 27% of discharge volumes were treated to secondary level this year. E.g. in Argentina, the plant has a primary screen, oil separator and equalizer as part of the primary treatment, and then extended aeration basins for biological degradation, added to a settler, as secondary treatment, and 100% of the effluent that is derived from the plant goes through both treatments (primary and secondary). The final discharge is in compliance to legal paramets on each location. Change in volume: There has been a much higher increase of 119 megaliters in volume compared to the previous year (an increase of +19% between 2021 and 2022). The discharge volume treated at the secondary level in the last reporting year was 635 megaliters, and for the current reporting year it was 754 megaliters. This was due to a slight increase in production, which resulted in higher water withdrawals. Anticipated future trend: It is expected that the volume of discharge (and the volume treated to a secondary treatment level) will decrease slightly in the next few years due to the implementation of water efficiency projects.
Solamente tratamiento primario	No relevante	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	All effluent plants have a primary screen, oil separator and equalizer as part of the primary treatment method, but all of these effluents go through a secondary and/or tertiary method.
Vertido en el medio ambiente natural sin tratamiento	No relevante	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	We do not have discharged to the natural environment without treatment, as to comply with all local regulation and KORE Wastewater Management standard from The Coca Cola Company.
Vertido en un tercero sin tratamiento	Relevante	744	Mucho menor	Aumento/Disminución de la actividad comercial	11-20	In our sites, water is primarily used as a main ingredient for our product, as well as for cleaning and sanitation processes. In our sites, water is primarily used as a main ingredient for our product, as well as for cleaning and sanitation processes. We follow the KORE Wastewater Management standard from The Coca Cola Company and make sure that third parties which treat our effluents comply with al local regulation in this matter. 27% of the volume of our effluents is treated in third-party facilities. It is important to highlight that 100% of our effluents generated in our operations are treated, either in our own operations or in third-party facilities. In Chile, 89% of our effluents are treated by a third-party facility and at the Renca plant (water-stressed area) we have the best opportunity to reduce the effluent treated by third-party facilities. We recently invested in a new effluent treatment plant in Chile, which will be operational in 2024 and also will have the possibility of reusing water in our production processes after these improvements, for cleaning and washing. In addition, with the expansion of the existing wastewater treatment plant in Argentina, we have increased our own treatment and decreased the treatment of third parties. Change in volume: The discharge volume (744 megaliters) in the reporting year is lower than the previous year (875 megaliters), 15% less, due to the fact that we expanded our own effluent treatment plant in Argentina. Anticipated future trend: The discharge volume is expected to decrease due the implementation of our new effluent treatment plants. Treatment applied by third party: The third party (municipal sewage treatment plant) applies a conventional secondary treatment, and the treatment plant publicly states compliance with local water regulations.
Otro	No relevante	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	We do not have other types of effluent treatments.

W1.3

(W1.3) Proporcione una cifra para la eficiencia de la extracción de agua total de su organización.

	Ingresos	Volumen total de extracción de agua (megalitros)	Eficiencia de extracción de agua total	Tendencia anticipada
Fila 1	2656878	7032.72		In 2022, total water withdrawal efficiency ratio reached 13% less than the previous year. This is due to the fact that we kept water extraction almost similar to the previous year and increased profits by 20%. We estimate that the intensity ratio will be less and less, since revenues and the volume extracted will increase, although the increase is less at the proportion level due to better use of water and future projects that are going to be implemented in water efficiency and reuse of water.

W-FB1.3/W-AC1.3

(W-FB1.3/W-AC1.3) ¿Calcula o recopila información sobre la intensidad del agua para cada materia prima indicada en la pregunta W-FB1.1a/W-AC1.1a?

Materias primas agrícolas	Se calcula/recopila información sobre la intensidad del agua para esta materia prima producida	Se calcula/recopila información sobre la intensidad del agua para esta materia prima obtenida	Por favor, explique.
Azúcar	No corresponde	No actualmente, pero pretendemos recopilar esta información/calcularlo en los próximos dos años	Currently, we do not collect or calculate water intensity for the agricultural commodities we source. However, we are currently implementing our Sustainable Supply Chain plan, for which we will be likely to collect this information from these types of suppliers.
Soja	No corresponde	No actualmente, pero pretendemos recopilar esta información/calcularlo en los próximos dos años	Currently, we do not collect or calculate water intensity for the agricultural commodities we source. However, we are currently implementing our Sustainable Supply Chain plan, for which we will be likely to collect this information from these types of suppliers.

W1.4

(W1.4) ¿Alguno de sus productos contiene sustancias clasificadas como peligrosas por una autoridad reguladora?

	Productos que contienen sustancias peligrosas	Comentario
Fila 1	No	Our beverages are intended for human consumption and are based on strict food safety management requirements. Ergo, our products do not contain hazardous substances that can harm human health. Moreover, the four franchised territories of Coca-Cola Andina are certified in accordance with the food safety standard FSSC22000, which assures our customers and consumers that we have a food safety management system that meets the strictest international requirements, that we incorporate good distribution practices, and that we adhere to the principles of Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points.

W1.5

(W1.5) ¿Interactúa con su cadena de valor en asuntos relacionados con el agua?

	Involucramiento / Vinculación	Motivo principal por el que no se vincula	Por favor, explique.
Proveedores	Sí	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>
Otros socios de la cadena de valor (p. ej., clientes)	No	No se consideró importante	At the moment, we do not carry out engagement with other actors on our value chain besides our suppliers. This is due to the fact that the main use of water resources is undertaken in our own operations and in our supply chain. Our beverages do not have associated water use in the use phase.

W1.5a

(W1.5a) ¿Evalúa a sus proveedores acorde a su impacto en la seguridad hídrica?

Fila 1

Evaluación del impacto de los proveedores
Sí, evaluamos el impacto de nuestros proveedores

Tenidos en cuenta en la evaluación
Estado de la cuenca (p. ej., estrés hídrico o acceso a servicios de WASH)
Impacto de los proveedores en la calidad del agua

Cantidad de proveedores que tienen un impacto sustancial
2

% del total de proveedores que tienen un impacto sustancial
Menos del 1 %

Por favor, explique.
All critical suppliers of the company must undergo periodic audits, conducted by accredited and independent monitoring firms on behalf of The Coca-Cola Company, in order to verify compliance with the Supplier Guiding Principles that contain sustainability criteria regarding water management, as well as with the Principles for Sustainable Agriculture (PSA), which apply to our suppliers of key agricultural ingredients and raw materials. Specifically, requirements of PSA include assessment permits and regulation compliance regarding water discharges (and hence, water quality in the basin), as well as water-stress areas management. Suppliers are considered with substantial impact when they do not comply with these standards.

Moreover, we are in the process of implementing a Sustainable Supply Chain Plan throughout our procurement process, which includes ESG criteria, and it will focus on the reduction of our supply chain's carbon and water footprint, with assessments on these issues.

W1.5b

(W1.5b) ¿Sus proveedores tienen que cumplir con requisitos relacionados con el agua como parte del proceso de compra establecido por su organización?

	Los proveedores tienen que cumplir ciertos requisitos relacionados con el agua	Comentario
Fila 1	Sí, los proveedores tienen que cumplir con requisitos relacionados con el agua, pero no están incluidos en nuestros contratos con los proveedores	<Not Applicable>

W1.5c

(W1.5c) Proporcione detalles de los requisitos relacionados con el agua que los proveedores deben cumplir como parte del proceso de compra establecido por su organización, y de las medidas implementadas para garantizar el cumplimiento.

Requisitos relacionados con el agua
Otro. Especifique. (Minimizing impacts of water discharges over water quality)

% de proveedores con un impacto sustancial que deben cumplir con este requisito relacionado con el agua
1-25

% de proveedores con un impacto sustancial que cumplen con este requisito relacionado con el agua
100 %

Mecanismos para monitorear el cumplimiento de este requisito relacionado con el agua
Auditoría de terceros en el sitio
Autoevaluación de los proveedores

Respuesta al incumplimiento de este requisito relacionado con el agua por parte de los proveedores
Retener y vincular

Comentario
All critical suppliers of the company must undergo periodic audits, conducted by accredited and independent monitoring firms on behalf of The Coca-Cola Company, in order to verify compliance with the Supplier Guiding Principles and the Principles for Sustainable Agriculture (PSA) that are specifically to suppliers of agricultural ingredients.

Specifically, our Principles for Sustainable Agriculture require suppliers to comply with laws and regulation related to water discharges, and the PSA require suppliers to minimize the impact on water quality caused by the discharge of wastewater and by erosion and agrochemical or nutrient discharges.

W1.5d

(W1.5d) Proporcione detalles de cualquier otra actividad de vinculación con los proveedores con respecto al agua.

Tipo de vinculación
Innovación y colaboración

Detalles de la vinculación
Se educa a los proveedores sobre la colaboración y gobernanza del agua

% de proveedores por número
1-25

% de proveedores con un impacto sustancial
Menos del 1 %

Motivo de su vinculación
During 2022, different sustainable procurement workshops were conducted with the procurement areas of Embotelladora Andina and its suppliers. These sessions allowed the company to share best practices and experiences regarding sustainability in the value chain, with both its internal procurement teams and suppliers. In total, 228 suppliers took part in these sessions.

Impacto de la vinculación y medidas de éxito
Through these sustainable procurement workshops, we have been able to initiate supplier engagement within our revised Sustainable Supply Chain Plan. For this reason, we measure the success of these initiatives by monitoring supplier support. The impact of these workshops corresponds to the suppliers' commitment to our company's vision of sustainable sourcing.

Comentario
The sustainable procurement workshop carried out during 2022 allowed us to encourage suppliers to innovate and grow in a sustainable manner by sharing best practices and industry trends that generate new and improved business.

W2. Impacto comercial

W2.1

(W2.1) ¿Su organización ha experimentado algún impacto perjudicial relacionado con el agua?
No

W2.2

(W2.2) En el año de reporte, ¿su organización estuvo sujeta a multas, órdenes de aplicación u otras sanciones por infracciones a las normas relativas al agua?

	Violaciones normativas relacionadas con el agua	Multas, órdenes de ejecución y/u otras sanciones	Comentario
Fila 1	No	<Not Applicable>	The Company has an Integrated Management System (IMS) that establishes procedures that allow it to monitor compliance with environmental regulations, which is annually certified under ISO 14001 standards. During 2022, the Company has no enforceable sanctions from the Superintendency of the Environment (SMA) or equivalent agencies in foreign jurisdictions. Finally, the Company has no compliance plans or environmental damage remediation plans.

W3. Procedimientos

W3.1

(W3.1) ¿Su organización identifica y clasifica a los contaminantes potenciales del agua asociados con sus actividades que podrían tener un impacto negativo en los ecosistemas acuáticos o la salud humana?

	Identificación y clasificación de contaminantes potenciales del agua	Cómo se identifican y clasifican los contaminantes potenciales del agua	Por favor, explique.
Fila 1	Sí, identificamos y clasificamos nuestros contaminantes potenciales del agua	In order to identify, manage and control potential water pollutants in our water discharges, we follow the KORE Wastewater Management requirements that The Coca Cola Company applies to all its bottlers. This KORE requirement details the wastewater treatment parameters that Embotelladora Andina must follow in the controls to wastewater discharges. These controls are carried out daily, monthly (both internal) and quarterly (external controls) depending on the contaminants controlled and whether it is carried out internally or externally. KORE requirements for wastewater management include specific limits to: Biological oxygen demand (below 50 mg/L, for example), chlorine, fecal coliform, nitrogen, suspended solids, temperature, ammonia, dissolved oxygen, pH, phosphorus, aluminium, cadmium, chromium, iron, lead, oil and grease, dissolved solids, sulfate and surfactants. Moreover, The Coca Cola Company carries out a water assessment for all plants on effluent quality, and in case other parameters are found, these parameters are included in the wastewater management requirement. The company has ISO 14001 certification in all its beverage production plants, which sets the standard for environmental and wastewater management. Also, when local regulation is more demanding, this standard is considered. Finally, our corporate policies set specific commitments to treat wastewater and care for water basins.	<Not Applicable>

(W3.1a) Describa cómo su organización minimiza los impactos negativos de los contaminantes potenciales del agua asociados con sus actividades en los ecosistemas acuáticos o la salud humana.

Categoría del contaminante del agua
Nitratos

Descripción del contaminante del agua y los posibles impactos
Nitrate pollutants to water pose several impacts for living beings, as it can cause health problems to people drinking this water and can have detrimental effects to life in water bodies as an excess of nitrates in water can stimulate the growing of algae which suffocate life in water.

Etapa de la cadena de valor
Operaciones directas

Acciones y procedimientos para minimizar los impactos adversos
Mayor cumplimiento de los requisitos normativos
Implementación de sistemas integrados de gestión de residuos sólidos
Prevención, preparación y respuesta ante accidentes industriales y químicos
Reciclaje del agua
Tratamiento del vertido usando procesos específicos del sector para garantizar el cumplimiento de los requisitos normativos
Mejora de los métodos/equipos de los procesos

Por favor, explique.
In order to identify, manage and control potential water pollutants in our discharges, we follow the KORE Wastewater Management requirements that The Coca Cola Company applies to all its bottlers. This KORE requirement details the wastewater treatment parameters and controls that the company must follow. These controls are performed daily, monthly and quarterly depending on the contaminants controlled and if it is performed internally or externally. KORE requirements for wastewater management include specific limits to: BOD (below 50 mg/L, for example), chlorine, fecal coliform, nitrogen, suspended solids, temperature, ammonia, dissolved oxygen, pH, phosphorus, aluminium, cadmium, chromium, iron, lead, oil and grease, dissolved solids, sulphate and surfactants. Following these requirements for wastewater treatment allows the company to mitigate the risks of water pollution from these pollutants. We measure success through compliance with these standards.

Moreover, the company has several water reuse measures in place at all water treatment plants, such as rejected water reuse, effluent recovery systems and the retrofitting of nanofiltration systems as to improve equipment capacity and quality. This allows the company to discharge less water each year, reducing the risk of water pollution. Also, the company has ISO 14001 certification in all of its production plants including emergency preparedness and prevention for all industrial processes and spillages.

Categoría del contaminante del agua
Contaminantes inorgánicos

Descripción del contaminante del agua y los posibles impactos
Inorganic pollutants refer mainly to heavy metals such as lead, cadmium and chromium, which have toxic effects over living beings exposed to these substances.

Etapa de la cadena de valor
Operaciones directas

Acciones y procedimientos para minimizar los impactos adversos
Mayor cumplimiento de los requisitos normativos
Implementación de sistemas integrados de gestión de residuos sólidos
Prevención, preparación y respuesta ante accidentes industriales y químicos
Reciclaje del agua
Tratamiento del vertido usando procesos específicos del sector para garantizar el cumplimiento de los requisitos normativos
Mejora de los métodos/equipos de los procesos

Por favor, explique.
In order to identify, manage and control potential water pollutants in our water discharges, we follow the KORE Wastewater Management requirements that The Coca Cola Company applies to all its bottlers. This KORE requirement details the wastewater treatment parameters that Embotelladora Andina must follow in the controls to wastewater discharges. These controls are performed daily, monthly and quarterly depending on the contaminants controlled and if it is performed internally or externally. KORE requirements for wastewater management include specific limits to: BOD (below 50 mg/L, for example), chlorine, fecal coliform, nitrogen, suspended solids, temperature, ammonia, dissolved oxygen, pH, phosphorus, aluminium, cadmium, chromium, iron, lead, oil and grease, dissolved solids, sulphate and surfactants. Following these requirements for wastewater treatment allows the company to mitigate the risks of water pollution from these pollutants.

Moreover, the company has several water reuse measures in place in all of its water treatment plants, such as rejected water reuse, effluent recovery systems and the retrofitting of nanofiltration systems as to improve equipment capacity and quality. This allows the company to discharge less water each year, reducing the risk of water pollution. Also, the company has ISO 14001 certification in all of its production plants including emergency preparedness and prevention for all industrial processes and spillages.

Categoría del contaminante del agua
Fosfatos

Descripción del contaminante del agua y los posibles impactos
Phosphate pollutants to water can have detrimental effects to life in water bodies as an excess of phosphates in water can stimulate the growing of algae which suffocate life in water.

Etapa de la cadena de valor
Operaciones directas

Acciones y procedimientos para minimizar los impactos adversos
Mayor cumplimiento de los requisitos normativos
Implementación de sistemas integrados de gestión de residuos sólidos
Prevención, preparación y respuesta ante accidentes industriales y químicos
Reciclaje del agua
Tratamiento del vertido usando procesos específicos del sector para garantizar el cumplimiento de los requisitos normativos
Mejora de los métodos/equipos de los procesos

Por favor, explique.

In order to identify, manage and control potential water pollutants in our water discharges, we follow the KORE Wastewater Management requirements that The Coca Cola Company applies to all its bottlers. This KORE requirement details the wastewater treatment parameters that Embotelladora Andina must follow in the controls to wastewater discharges. These controls are performed daily, monthly and quarterly depending on the contaminants controlled and if it is performed internally or externally. KORE requirements for wastewater management include specific limits to: BOD (below 50 mg/L, for example), chlorine, fecal coliform, nitrogen, suspended solids, temperature, ammonia, dissolved oxygen, pH, phosphorus, aluminium, cadmium, chromium, iron, lead, oil and grease, dissolved solids, sulphate and surfactants. Following these requirements for wastewater treatment allows the company to mitigate the risks of water pollution from these pollutants.

Moreover, the company has several water reuse measures in place in all of its water treatment plants, such as rejected water reuse, effluent recovery systems and the retrofitting of nanofiltration systems as to improve equipment capacity and quality. This allows the company to discharge less water each year, reducing the risk of water pollution. Also, the company has ISO 14001 certification in all of its production plants including emergency preparedness and prevention for all industrial processes and spillages.

Categoría del contaminante del agua
Otros nutrientes y contaminantes que requieren oxígeno

Descripción del contaminante del agua y los posibles impactos
Pollutans which demand oxygen to decompose pose a threat to life in water bodies, as the use of dissolved oxygen for this decomposition leaves less oxygen for living beings to use in this water body.

Etapa de la cadena de valor
Operaciones directas

Acciones y procedimientos para minimizar los impactos adversos
Mayor cumplimiento de los requisitos normativos
Implementación de sistemas integrados de gestión de residuos sólidos
Prevención, preparación y respuesta ante accidentes industriales y químicos
Reciclaje del agua
Tratamiento del vertido usando procesos específicos del sector para garantizar el cumplimiento de los requisitos normativos
Mejora de los métodos/equipos de los procesos

Por favor, explique.
In order to identify, manage and control potential water pollutants in our water discharges, we follow the KORE Wastewater Management requirements that The Coca Cola Company applies to all its bottlers. This KORE requirement details the wastewater treatment parameters that Embotelladora Andina must follow in the controls to wastewater discharges. These controls are performed daily, monthly and quarterly depending on the contaminants controlled and if it is performed internally or externally. KORE requirements for wastewater management include specific limits to: BOD (below 50 mg/L, for example), chlorine, fecal coliform, nitrogen, suspended solids, temperature, ammonia, dissolved oxygen, pH, phosphorus, aluminium, cadmium, chromium, iron, lead, oil and grease, dissolved solids, sulphate and surfactants. Following these requirements for wastewater treatment allows the company to mitigate the risks of water pollution from these pollutants.

Moreover, the company has several water reuse measures in place in all of its water treatment plants, such as rejected water reuse, effluent recovery systems and the retrofitting of nanofiltration systems as to improve equipment capacity and quality. This allows the company to discharge less water each year, reducing the risk of water pollution. Also, the company has ISO 14001 certification in all of its production plants including emergency preparedness and prevention for all industrial processes and spillages.

Categoría del contaminante del agua
Petróleo

Descripción del contaminante del agua y los posibles impactos
Oil pollutants in water have several detrimental effects over life, as it is toxic and can make fresh water unsuitable to drink, and it can suffocate water life by blocking light from reaching certain parts of water bodies.

Etapa de la cadena de valor
Operaciones directas

Acciones y procedimientos para minimizar los impactos adversos
Mayor cumplimiento de los requisitos normativos
Implementación de sistemas integrados de gestión de residuos sólidos
Prevención, preparación y respuesta ante accidentes industriales y químicos
Reciclaje del agua
Tratamiento del vertido usando procesos específicos del sector para garantizar el cumplimiento de los requisitos normativos
Mejora de los métodos/equipos de los procesos

Por favor, explique.
In order to identify, manage and control potential water pollutants in our water discharges, we follow the KORE Wastewater Management requirements that The Coca Cola Company applies to all its bottlers. This KORE requirement details the wastewater treatment parameters that Embotelladora Andina must follow in the controls to wastewater discharges. These controls are performed daily, monthly and quarterly depending on the contaminants controlled and if it is performed internally or externally. KORE requirements for wastewater management include specific limits to: BOD (below 50 mg/L, for example), chlorine, fecal coliform, nitrogen, suspended solids, temperature, ammonia, dissolved oxygen, pH, phosphorus, aluminium, cadmium, chromium, iron, lead, oil and grease, dissolved solids, sulphate and surfactants. Following these requirements for wastewater treatment allows the company to mitigate the risks of water pollution from these pollutants.

Moreover, the company has several water reuse measures in place in all of its water treatment plants, such as rejected water reuse, effluent recovery systems and the retrofitting of nanofiltration systems as to improve equipment capacity and quality. This allows the company to discharge less water each year, reducing the risk of water pollution. Also, the company has ISO 14001 certification in all of its production plants including emergency preparedness and prevention for all industrial processes and spillages.

W3.3

(W3.3) ¿Su organización efectúa una evaluación de riesgos relacionados con el agua?
Sí, se evalúan los riesgos relacionados con el agua

W3.3a

(W3.3a) Seleccione las opciones que mejor describan sus procedimientos para identificar y evaluar los riesgos relacionados con el agua.

Etapa de la cadena de valor
Operaciones directas
Cadena de suministro

Cobertura
Completa

Procedimientos para la evaluación de riesgos
Los riesgos hídricos se evalúan como parte de un marco establecido de gestión de riesgos empresariales

Frecuencia de la evaluación
Anualmente

¿Hasta qué fecha del futuro se toman en cuenta los riesgos?
Más de 6 años

Tipo de herramientas y métodos utilizados
Herramientas en el mercado
Gestión de riesgos empresariales
Metodologías y estándares internacionales

Herramientas y métodos utilizados
WRI Aqueduct
Gestión de riesgos empresariales
Proyecciones sobre el Cambio Climático de IPCC

Asuntos contextuales incluidos
Disponibilidad de agua al nivel de la cuenca/subcuenca
Calidad del agua al nivel de la cuenca/subcuenca
Conflictos con las partes interesadas en relación con los recursos hídricos al nivel de la cuenca/subcuenca
Implicaciones del agua en sus materias primas clave
Marcos normativos relacionados con el agua
Acceso a servicios de agua, saneamiento e higiene (WASH, por sus siglas en inglés) de pleno rendimiento y gestionados de forma segura para todos los empleados

Partes interesadas incluidas
Clientes
Empleados
Comunidades locales
Organismos reguladores
Proveedores
Empresas de suministro de agua a nivel local
Otros usuarios de agua al nivel de la cuenca/subcuenca

Comentario
Water related risks are included in the risks identified and assessed within Embotelladora Andina's Risk Management Model, which evaluates the severity of risks based on an assessment of the inherent impact and probability (frequency). Water-related risks are managed in an integrated way within this Enterprise Risk Management Model. This process allows the company to assess risks related to water supply for our operations, as water is the main raw material needed for beverage production, as well as to risks related to new and emerging regulation regarding water use.

The Company has its own comprehensive evaluation process for the risks associated with water stress zones, which is supplemented by periodic studies developed in collaboration with The Coca-Cola Company on the vulnerability of water sources in the facilities, enabling the Company to prioritize its efforts and investments. Water-related risks have been assessed for direct operations and supply chain using the WRI Aqueduct tool to identify company facilities located in water-stressed basins. The WRI Aqueduct tool allows to assess water availability at basin level, which also allows to evaluate risks with other stakeholders over water use. We have also conducted scenario analysis to identify and assess climate related risks as per TCFD recommendations. This process has permitted to assess risks related to water impacts on our agricultural commodities suppliers.

Moreover, there are specific measures implemented by the company to manage certain water-related risks. On one hand, water quality is measured at basin level as part of our process controls to comply with The Coca-Cola Company requirements and produce high quality beverages for our customers. Risks regarding access to wash services for employees are managed through controls to comply with local regulation and through FSSC 22000 certification, food safety management.

W3.3b

(W3.3b) Describa el proceso de su organización para identificar, evaluar y responder ante riesgos relacionados con el agua dentro de sus operaciones directas y otras etapas de su cadena de valor.

	Motivo del enfoque para la evaluación de riesgos	Explicación de los asuntos contextuales incluidos	Explicación de las partes interesadas incluidas	Proceso de toma de decisiones para la respuesta al riesgo
Fila 1	Embotelladora Andina uses a Risk Management Model based on the principles and recommendations of the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of Treadway (COSO) and, specifically, in the case of risks related to climate change, the recommendations delivered by the Working Group on changes related to climate Financial Disclosure (TCFD). This Risk Management model allows us the identification and evaluation of risks, and subsequent execution of mitigation plans. One of the main risks identified by this model is that of "Water scarcity, contamination and poor water quality". We also use the WRI Aqueduct tool and mapping from our facilities to provide local mapping of water scarcity and risks in the areas where we operate. Finally, we have begun to use climate change scenario analysis (IEA SDS, RCP8.5), as a tool to assess our exposure to longer-term risk factors associated with climate change (2030). These two scenarios are used to identify risks and opportunities related to climate and water.	Our risk assessments consider a wide range of contextual issues. Using the WRI Aqueduct tool allows us to consider basin-level water availability, potential stakeholder conflicts, and ecosystem risks, considering basin-level trends in water supply (under different climate scenarios) and demand (linked to social factors). The Risk Management Model also allows us to consider the progress of changes in regulations or new bills that refer to the use of water, in order to mitigate possible changes to these regulations. This model, and the implementation of TCFD recommendations, also allow us to understand and project the implications and consequences of these risks on our main raw material, water, in addition to the possible effects of climate on the availability of agricultural raw materials.	WRI Aqueduct's tools, TCFD recommendations, and our Risk Management Model enable consideration of a wide range of stakeholders. The WRI Aqueduct tool allows us to consider in our risk process the local communities with which we share the water resource, as well as the users of the watersheds around us. At the same time, regulatory bodies are considered when monitoring the advanced use of regulatory changes or new bills that refer to water. Analysis are performed using climate change scenarios, which allows us to consider our suppliers regarding the impacts of climate on their ability to produce agricultural commodities.	We use the results of the risk assessment to inform our response to water-related risks and to be more proactive and efficient in how we adapt to uncertainty. For example, the use of the WRI Aqueduct tool makes it possible to establish that the Renca Plant has the greatest exposure to water risks, due to its location in a high or very high stress area. With this information, investment in water efficiency and water reuse methods for the Renca Plant has increased, lowering the Water Use Ratio by 13.8% between 2020 and 2022.

W4. Riesgos y Oportunidades

W4.1

(W4.1) ¿Ha identificado algún riesgo inherente relacionado con el agua que pueda tener un impacto estratégico o financiero sustancial en su empresa?

Sí, tanto en las operaciones directas como en el resto de nuestra cadena de valor

W4.1a

(W4.1a) ¿Cómo define su organización a un impacto estratégico o financiero sustancial en su empresa?

The Risk Management Model of Coca-Cola Andina evaluates the severity of risks based on an assessment of the inherent impact and probability (frequency). Climate change and water-related risks are managed in an integrated way within this Model.

Impact reflects the consequences that may result from the materialization of the risk in relation to the objectives of the company. This metric is assessed on a scale of 1-5, with the levels characterized depending on the nature of the potential impact of the risk, for example, considering safety, environmental impact, and operational continuity of production.

Probability reflects the possibility of occurrence of the risk. This metric is assessed on a scale of 1 to 5, with the levels characterized depending on the potential frequency or likelihood of occurrence within defined time periods.

These two metrics are combined to calculate a Severity score for each risk, representing the inherent threat posed to the operation in the absence of mitigating actions that reduce its probability or impact. Risks that have a severity level of High (value >15) are determined to be of potential substantive financial or strategic impact. Based on this assessment, risks are ranked in order to prioritize those financially or strategically significant risks that require additional evaluation, monitoring and management.

In the case of climate-related risks, among which are included risks related to water scarcity in operations and the supply chain, we have also undertaken the financial quantification of the potential financial impact of the prioritized physical and transition risks (and opportunities), expressing and comparing the potential impact in terms of cumulative EBITDA ($) 2022-2030.

W4.1b

(W4.1b) ¿Cuál es la cantidad total de instalaciones expuestas a riesgos hídricos con el potencial de tener un impacto estratégico o financiero sustancial en su empresa, y qué proporción de las instalaciones de su empresa representa?

	Cantidad total de instalaciones expuestas a riesgos hídricos	% de instalaciones de la empresa que esto representa	Comentario
Fila 1	1	1-25	1 out of 10 of our facilities has been identified as being exposed to water risks, which represents a 10% of our company wide facilities. Specifically, the Renca Plant in Chile is located within a water-stressed area, in the Maipo Basin. We assess all of our facilities using the WRI Aqueduct tool to identify water-related risks.

W4.1c

(W4.1c) Por cuenca hidrográfica, ¿cuál es la cantidad y proporción de instalaciones expuestas a riesgos hídricos que podrían tener un impacto financiero o estratégico sustancial en su empresa, y cuál es el impacto potencial en el negocio asociado con esas instalaciones?

País/Área y Cuenca hidrográfica

Chile	Otro. Especifique. (Maipo River)

Cantidad de instalaciones expuestas a riesgos hídricos
1

% de instalaciones de la empresa que esto representa
1-25

Valor de producción para las actividades de metales y minería asociadas con estas instalaciones
<Not Applicable>

% de la generación de electricidad anual de la empresa que podría verse afectada por estas instalaciones
<Not Applicable>

% del volumen de producción global de petróleo y gas de la empresa que podría verse afectado por estas instalaciones
<Not Applicable>

% del total de ingresos globales de la empresa que podrían verse afectados
21-30

Comentario
The Renca Plant, located in the Maipo Basin in Chile, is considered to be in a high water-stress area according to the WRI Aqueduct tool. This means that there is a risk of water scarcity for the future in this region. This facility represented a 22.5% of total company-wide revenues for 2022. A specific investment plan is in place to further improve water efficiency and reuse in the Renca plant, which has reduced its water use ratio by 13.8% from 2020 to 2022.

W4.2

(W4.2) Proporcione detalles de los riesgos identificados en sus operaciones directas que puedan tener un impacto financiero o estratégico sustancial en su empresa, y de su respuesta ante esos riesgos.

País/Área y Cuenca hidrográfica

Chile	Otro. Especifique. (Maipo)

Tipo de riesgo y Principal factor de riesgo

Físico crónico	Escasez de agua

Impacto potencial primario
Aumento de los costos de producción

Descripción específica de la empresa
Lack of water due to reduced rainfall and drought in the Maipo basin, Chile, results in impacts on production: less water availability forces a reduction in production at the Renca bottling plant. Considering an RCP 8.5 scenario, WRI Aqueduct considers an increase in water stress of 20% until 2030 for the location of the Renca plant in Chile. This trend may affect the availability of water for the wells used by the company, which could hypothetically mean not having enough water to produce beverages in that area.

Periodo de tiempo
Más de 6 años

Magnitud del impacto potencial
Bajo

Probabilidad
Improbable

¿Puede brindar una cifra del impacto financiero potencial?
Sí, un rango estimado

Cifra de impacto financiero potencial (moneda)
<Not Applicable>

Cifra de impacto financiero potencial - mínima (moneda)
225000000

Cifra de impacto financiero potencial - máxima (moneda)
6000000000

Explicación del impacto financiero
The analysis considers a progressive decrease in the extraction of water from wells (taking 2021 consumption as a baseline), until reaching an impact of -20% in 2030 for the extraction of this source. The financial impact refers to the possible costs of water to replace this decrease in water availability. The minimum range refers to supplying this volume with water from the sanitary network, and the upper range refers to supplying this volume by sending water from another basin where we have operations (with an average distance of 300 kilometers). The figure provided corresponds to an annual average for the total impact of both ranges from 2022 to 2030. We have classified this risk as improbable, since the scenarios used work based on a set of assumptions that are uncertain. Furthermore, although the area of the Renca plant is currently classified as a water stress area, we have a range of mitigation measures in place so that the sales of this plant are not impacted by a hypothetical lack of water.

Respuesta principal ante el riesgo
Adoptar prácticas de eficiencia, reutilización, reciclaje y conservación del agua

Descripción de la respuesta
Embotelladora Andina's water management strategy is organized in four axes: Reduce, Reuse, Recycle, and Replenish. Reduce: the company is permanently implementing initiatives that allow to reduce water losses and achieve efficient consumption, such as digitization of monitoring devices and improvement in bottle washing technology. Progress on this axis is monitored with a water use ratio. Reuse: the company has implemented technological advancements that allow it to safely reintroduce the water into the system, thereby increasing the efficiency of the process. Recycle: treatment of effluents to return water safely to nature, by investing in new water treatment plant in Renca, and improve aeration system in aerobic reactor. Replenish: the company develops initiatives aimed at conserving water in nature and caring for underground aquifers, as well as ensuring people’s access to water resources. Specifically, for the Renca plant, an investment plan has been implemented to reduce its exposure to water-related risks and improve its water-use ratio: actions implemented have allowed the water-use ratio to decrease by 13.8% from 2020 to 2022, and the underway treatment plant for the Renca site will allow to increase water reuse and further strengthen resilience to water risks. This investment plan is framed within initiatives to reach our corporate goal of reaching a water-use ratio of 1.27 liters of water consumed per liter of beverage produced by 2030 (this KPI was 1.71 in 2022).

In addition to these mitigation measures, we have undertaken a water-basin assessment for the Renca Plant, and the current water availability of the basin suggests that the probability of this risk occurring is unlikely. Moreover, we have an array of possible mitigation actions to address this risk, such as buying water from third-party suppliers.

Costo de la respuesta
443500000

Explicación del costo de la respuesta
The cost of responding to this risk has been calculated as the expense that the company would have to incur in water efficiency actions as to supplement the decrease in water availability from the current aquifer where water is extracted for the Renca Plant, to maintain current and expected production volumes. The figure refers to cost of implementing all water efficiency investments planned to reach our 2030 goal of water-use ratio (1.27 liters of water consumed per liter of beverage produced). The figure corresponds to an annual average of this cost.

W4.2a

(W4.2a) Proporcione detalles de los riesgos identificados en su cadena de valor (más allá de sus operaciones directas) que puedan tener un impacto financiero o estratégico sustancial en su empresa, y de su respuesta ante esos riesgos.

País/Área y Cuenca hidrográfica

Chile	Otro. Especifique. (Basins in Central Chile, Southern Brazil, Argentina and Paraguay)

Etapa de la cadena de valor
Cadena de suministro

Tipo de riesgo y Principal factor de riesgo

Físico crónico	Variabilidad estacional del suministro/variabilidad interanual

Impacto potencial primario
Mayores costos de producción por cambios en los precios de los insumos de los proveedores

Descripción específica de la empresa
Changes in climatic factors, such as variability in temperature and rainfall, as well as water stress, can affect crop yields or lead to crop failure, depending on the region, farming system (example: irrigation) and type of crop. It is estimated that the yields of sugar crops in Brazil may fall by 15% by 2055 under the RCP8.5 scenario. Projections for sugar prices indicate that they may increase by 11% by 2050 (baseline 2005) under the RCP8.5 scenario, a high warming scenario, compared to a minor impact for the RCP4.5 scenario (4%). The physical effects of climate change will occur over relatively long periods of time, and therefore the expected effect in the short term is gradual and moderate.

Periodo de tiempo
Más de 6 años

Magnitud del impacto potencial
Medio-bajo

Probabilidad
Igualmente probable e improbable

¿Puede brindar una cifra del impacto financiero potencial?
Sí, un estimado de una única cifra

Cifra de impacto financiero potencial (moneda)
1500000000

Cifra de impacto financiero potencial - mínima (moneda)
<Not Applicable>

Cifra de impacto financiero potencial - máxima (moneda)
<Not Applicable>

Explicación del impacto financiero
This figure corresponds to the impact of the increase in the price of sugar on the EBITDA of the company, according to a scenario of high heating (RCP 8.5). To arrive at this figure, the effect of the increase in the price of sugar (linearly interpolated reaching a maximum of 2% in 2030) was analyzed for the projected production costs for each country up to 2030, applying the same variation to all types of sweetener. The figure provided corresponds to an annual average for the total impact of this risk from 2022 to 2030.

Respuesta principal ante el riesgo

Operaciones directas	Desarrollar nuevos productos y/o mercados

Descripción de la respuesta
The company is constantly working to expand its portfolio and offer consumers a wide variety of great-tasting beverages, including more sugar-free and low-sugar options and by reformulating its products. In accordance with our business strategy and in collaboration with The Coca-Cola Company, we have reformulated the recipes of various soft drinks and juices to produce beverages with fewer calories and less sugar. Up to date, the company has a sugar-free version for each of its products. During 2022, the Company endeavored to increase this segment once more by utilizing strategies related to its classic products, such as Coca-Cola Sin Azúcar. In addition, the stills category, which includes waters, juices, energy drinks, and isotonic beverages, has been strengthened by the introduction of new products and the development of a solid market execution strategy. These efforts are frames within our 2030 goal of reaching 40.75 kilocalories sold per 200 ml of beverage (currently we stood at 49.55 in 2022)

Costo de la respuesta
0

Explicación del costo de la respuesta
We have entered a cost of 0 CLP in the response cost, as there is no cost associated with migrating our portfolio from sugar soft drinks to non-sugar soft drinks. This is aligned with our 2030 strategy of reducing the sugar contents of our portfolio. However, this depends on consumer preferences.

W4.3

(W4.3) ¿Ha identificado alguna oportunidad relacionada con el agua que pueda tener un impacto estratégico o financiero sustancial en su empresa?
Sí, hemos identificado oportunidades y algunas/todas se están concretando

W4.3a

(W4.3a) Proporcione detalles de las oportunidades que se realizan actualmente que puedan tener un impacto financiero o estratégico sustancial en su empresa.

Tipo de oportunidad
Eficiencia

Principal oportunidad relacionada con el agua
Ahorro de costos

Descripción específica de la empresa y estrategia para realizar la oportunidad
The adoption of water efficiency actions across our operations signifies a significant opportunity for our business and is aligned with our core strategic priority to reduce our water use ratio, water being the principal raw material that our company uses to produce beverages. These water efficiency actions can help reduce the costs that the company has to incur as to produce beverages, especially in operations where water is expensive compared to other geographies. This is most relevant for our operations in Brazil, where water prices are high. However, water efficiency measures can help reduce production costs in all our operations, which also can have positive impacts in the health of water basins near our operations.

This opportunity has materialized in a investment plan for new technologies as to reduce water consumption and increase recycling of water at our production facilities. This is helping to enhance the long-term resilience of our business and reduces our operating costs. Specifically, we have implemented specific investment plans for water efficiency in the Renca plant in Chile, as well as the construction of effluent recuperation plant in. Jacarepaguá, Brazil, with investment of 800,000 USD. Moreover, we have a corporate goal of reaching a water use ratio (WUR: liters of water used per liter of beverage produced) of 1.27 by 2030 (currently 1.71 in 2022).

Plazo estimado para la realización
Actual - hasta 1 año

Magnitud del impacto financiero potencial
Bajo-medio

¿Puede brindar una cifra del impacto financiero potencial?
Sí, un estimado de una única cifra

Cifra de impacto financiero potencial (moneda)
3500000000

Cifra de impacto financiero potencial - mínima (moneda)
<Not Applicable>

Cifra de impacto financiero potencial - máxima (moneda)
<Not Applicable>

Explicación del impacto financiero
The opportunity that water efficiency represents for our operations is relevant, as it can help reduce costs that the company has to incur as to produce beverages, especially in operations where water is expensive. The financial impact given in this answer refers to the savings in water costs that can be attained through the water reuse capacity of the new effluent recovery plant in Jacarepaguá, Brazil. Specifically, this plant has a total water reuse capacity of 500,000 cubic meters per year, which has been valued according to current water costs in that region (42 Reales per cubic meter). This cost saving was valued in approximately 4 million dollars per year, which were converted to Chilean pesos for this answer. Although the complete water reuse capacity for the Jacarepaguá effluent recovery plant has not been reached completely, we have included the full financial impact of this opportunity, as this capacity may be used in the future.

W5. Contabilidad del agua en las instalaciones

W5.1

(W5.1) Para cada una de las instalaciones indicadas en la pregunta W4.1c, proporcione coordenadas, datos sobre la contabilidad del agua y una comparación con el año de reporte anterior.

Número de referencia de las instalaciones
Instalación 1

Nombre de las instalaciones (opcional)
Renca Plant

País/Área y Cuenca hidrográfica

Chile	Otro. Especifique. (Maipo)

Latitud
-33.4

Longitud
-70.75

Ubicadas en un área con estrés hídrico
Sí

Principal fuente de generación de energía para su generación de electricidad en estas instalaciones
<Not Applicable>

División de empresas del sector de petróleo y gas
<Not Applicable>

Extracciones totales de agua (megalitros/año) en estas instalaciones
1616

Comparación del total de extracciones con el año de reporte anterior
Menor

Extracciones de agua superficial dulce, inclusive agua de lluvia, humedales, ríos y lagos
0

Extracciones de agua superficial salobre/agua salada
0

Extracciones de agua subterránea - renovable
1595

Extracciones de agua subterránea - no renovable
0

Extracciones de agua producida/arrastrada
0

Extracciones desde fuente de terceros
21

Vertidos totales de agua (megalitros/año) en estas instalaciones
701

Comparación del total de vertido con el año de reporte anterior
Mucho menor

Vertido al agua dulce superficial
0

Vertido al agua superficial salobre/agua salada
0

Vertido al agua subterránea
0

Vertido a destinos de terceros
701

Consumo total de agua (megalitros/año) en estas instalaciones
915

Comparación del consumo total con el año de reporte anterior
Casi igual

Por favor, explique.
Total water consumption for the Renca plant remained stable from 2021 to 2022, decreasing by 0.8%, due to the fact that both water withdrawals and discharges decreased in this period. In fact, withdrawals decreased by 8% between 2021 and 2022, and water discharges decreased by 16%. It can be noted that, even though water extraction decreased, consumption remained stable due to the fact that more water was reused in this plant during 2022, lowering the amount of water discharged and maintaining our beverages output (where most of our consumption is concentrated). The Renca Plant has been the focus of several water efficiency measures and projects, as it is the only plant of the company located in a water-stressed area. These measures have allowed to improve water efficiency and reuse.

W5.1a

(W5.1a) Para las instalaciones indicadas en la pregunta W5.1, ¿qué proporción de los datos sobre contabilidad del agua se verificó por un tercero?

Extracciones de agua - volúmenes totales

% verificado
76-100

Estándar de verificación usado
Our data is independently assured on a limited basis by EY within our 2022 Integrated Report assurance process in accordance with ISAE 3000 standards.

Por favor, explique.
<Not Applicable>

Extracciones de agua - volumen por fuente

% verificado
76-100

Estándar de verificación usado
Our data is independently assured on a limited basis by EY within our 2022 Integrated Report assurance process in accordance with ISAE 3000 standards.

Por favor, explique.
<Not Applicable>

Extracciones de agua - calidad según los parámetros estándares de calidad del agua

% verificado
76-100

Estándar de verificación usado
This data is verified according to Coca Cola Company requirements for beverage quality.

Por favor, explique.
<Not Applicable>

Vertido de agua - volumen total

% verificado
76-100

Estándar de verificación usado
Our data is independently assured on a limited basis by EY within our 2022 Integrated Report assurance process in accordance with ISAE 3000 standards.

Por favor, explique.
<Not Applicable>

Vertido de agua - volumen por destino

% verificado
76-100

Estándar de verificación usado
Our data is independently assured on a limited basis by EY within our 2022 Integrated Report assurance process in accordance with ISAE 3000 standards.

Por favor, explique.
<Not Applicable>

Vertido de agua - volumen por nivel de tratamiento final

% verificado
76-100

Estándar de verificación usado
Our data is independently assured on a limited basis by EY within our 2022 Integrated Report assurance process in accordance with ISAE 3000 standards.

Por favor, explique.
<Not Applicable>

Vertido de agua - calidad según los parámetros estándares de calidad del agua

% verificado
76-100

Estándar de verificación usado
This data is verified according to Coca Cola Company requirements for wastewater management.

Por favor, explique.
<Not Applicable>

Consumo de agua - volumen total

% verificado
76-100

Estándar de verificación usado
Our data is independently assured on a limited basis by EY within our 2022 Integrated Report assurance process in accordance with ISAE 3000 standards.

Por favor, explique.
<Not Applicable>

W6. Gobernanza

W6.1

(W6.1) ¿Su organización tiene una política hídrica?

Sí, tenemos una política hídrica documentada que está disponible para el público

W6.1a

(W6.1a) Seleccione las opciones que mejor describen el alcance y contenido de su política hídrica.

	Alcance	Contenido	Por favor, explique.
Fila 1	Toda la empresa	Descripción del alcance (incluidas las etapas de la cadena de valor) cubierto por la política Descripción de la dependencia del agua de la empresa Compromiso para alinearse con marcos internacionales, estándares e iniciativas hídricas ampliamente reconocidas Compromiso para prevenir, minimizar y controlar la contaminación Compromiso para reducir la extracción de agua y/o los volúmenes de consumo en las operaciones directas Compromiso con los servicios de agua, saneamiento e higiene gestionados de forma segura en las comunidades locales Compromiso con la gobernanza del agua y/o acciones colectivas	Water is the main ingredient in substantially all Embotelladora Andina's products. It is also a limited resource in many parts of the world, facing unprecedented challenges from overexploitation, increasing demand for food and other consumer and industrial products whose manufacturing processes require water, increasing pollution and poor management, lack of physical or financial access to water, sociopolitical tensions due to lack of public infrastructure in certain areas of the world and the effects of climate change. In this regard, our Environmental Management Policy has Water Management as one its main pillars, as a commitment to improving water use efficiencies where we operate, particularly in areas of high-water stress, supporting watersheds by promoting wastewater treatment and water management, and actively participating in access to safe water in the communities where we operate. Moreover, one of the guiding principles of our Sustainability Policy is a commitment to watershed conservation by saving water, treating wastewater, and implementing water stewardship standards. Our Annual Integrated Reports show our commitment to align to international public policy initiatives regarding water management, such as SDG 6 Clean Water and Sanitation. These reports also show our commitments to collective action for water management as well as the dependency that our activities have to the availability of water.

W6.2

(W6.2) ¿Existe la supervisión de asuntos relacionados con el agua por parte de la junta directiva en su organización?

Sí

W6.2a

(W6.2a) Identifique el (los) cargo(s) (no incluya nombres) de la(s) persona(s) en la Junta Directiva que es (son) responsable(s) de los asuntos relacionados con el agua.

Cargo de la persona o comité	Responsabilidades por asuntos relacionados con el agua
Comité de nivel de Junta Directiva	The oversight of water-related issues is integrated within the Governance Model for Risk Management and Sustainability, with multiple Board committees involved in the monitoring of different aspects as part of their duty to safeguard the value of the company in the face of diverse risks and opportunities. Issues related to sustainability, including the sustainability strategy, reporting (including water use) and ecoefficiency commitments, are monitored by the Culture, Ethics and Sustainability Committee. Key sustainability metrics, such as water-use ratio, form part of monthly reports given to the Board. The Department of Management Control, Risk and Sustainability reports to this committee on a monthly basis, which in turn updates the Board, as well as reporting directly to the Board on an annual basis. Issues related to risk management, including the water-related risks that are captured within our risk management system, are monitored by the Director's Committee and the Audit Committee. The Department of Management Control, Risk and Sustainability reports to each of these committees on at least an annual basis, and in turn the president of each committee updates the Board. The Culture, Ethics and Sustainability Committee of the Board was involved in the decision to accelerate water-related investment plans for the Renca Plant in Chile, as this facility was identified as being located in a water-stressed area. This investment plan has already accomplished a 13.8% decrease in water-use ratio (liters of water used per liters of beverage of produced) from 2020 to 2022, and a new water treatment plant is on way to be built in this facility, increasing its water reuse capacity.

W6.2b

(W6.2b) Proporcione más detalles sobre la supervisión de los asuntos relacionados con el agua por parte de la Junta Directiva.

	Frecuencia con la que los asuntos relacionados con el agua se incluyen en la agenda como un elemento planificado	Mecanismos de gobernanza en los que se integra a los asuntos relacionados con el agua	Por favor, explique.
Fila 1	Planificado - algunas reuniones	Monitoreo de la implementación y el desempeño Monitoreo del progreso hacia las metas corporativas Supervisión de la definición de metas corporativas Proporción de incentivos a los empleados Revisión y orientación para la preparación de los presupuestos anuales Revisión y orientación para la preparación de los planes de negocios Revisión y orientación para la preparación de la estrategia de responsabilidad corporativa Revisión y orientación para la preparación de las políticas de gestión de riesgos Revisión y orientación para la preparación de las estrategias	The Culture, Ethics and Sustainability Committee monitors, identifies and adopts the necessary measures to ensure that the activities of the company align with the sustainability values and strategy approved by the Board. Through monthly meetings with the Department of Management Control, Risk and Sustainability, this committee proposes, drives, and monitors the strategy, targets and progress related to the material ESG issues of the company, including the defined strategic focuses of Water Management. The Director's Committee reviews, guides and approves the company's risk management process, including reviewing the risk matrix, as well as the main sources of risk and methodologies for detecting new and emerging risks, including water related risks.

W6.2d

(W6.2d) ¿En la junta de su organización, hay al menos un miembro de la junta con competencia en asuntos relacionados con el agua?

	El(Los) miembro(s) de la Junta tiene(n) competencia en asuntos relacionados con el agua	Criterios usados para evaluar la competencia del(de los) miembro(s) de la junta en asuntos relacionados con el agua	Motivo principal por el que no hay competencia en asuntos relacionados con el agua al nivel de la junta	Explique por qué su organización no tiene al menos un miembro de la junta con competencia en asuntos relacionados con el agua e indique si tiene planes de abordar la competencia al nivel de la junta en el futuro
Fila 1	Sí	We evaluate the knowledge, abilities, and experience of each member of our Board of Directors on an annual basis, including considering expertise in risk management and sustainability, among other industry-relevant competencies. In 2022, 12 out of 14 members of the Board self-identified as having expertise in risk management, and 12 out of 14 self-identified as having expertise in sustainability. A matrix with this information is publicly disclosed in our Annual Integrated Report. The members of the Board receive training on an ongoing basis through talks and presentations, have access to a digital library of resources on relevant topics, and the induction process includes information relating to sustainability and risk management. All four members of the Culture, Ethics and Sustainability Committee of the Board have competencies in the ESG field, including experience on water related issues. Specifically, there is one Director within the Culture, Ethics and Sustainability Committee, which is identified as a specialist in sustainability within the Board, as this member holds experience in sustainability committees and was formerly Chief Corporate Affairs Officer for a company in the retail sector. Other members of the Board have self-identified as having experience in sustainability.	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>

W6.3

(W6.3) Proporcione el (los) cargo(s) o comité(s) de mayor nivel gerencial con responsabilidad para asuntos relacionados con el agua (no incluya nombres de las personas).

Nombre de los cargos y/o comités
Director de Sustentabilidad (CSO)

Responsabilidades relacionadas con el agua de este cargo
Evaluar las tendencias futuras en la demanda de agua
Evaluar los riesgos y oportunidades asociadas con el agua
Gestionar los riesgos y oportunidades asociadas con el agua
Definir metas corporativas relacionadas con el agua
Monitorear el progreso hacia las metas corporativas relacionadas con el agua

Frecuencia con la que informan a la Junta Directiva sobre asuntos relacionados con el agua
Más de una vez por trimestre

Por favor, explique.
The Department of Management Control, Risk and Sustainability, led by the CSO, coordinates the management and monitoring of strategic sustainability issues, including water-related risks and opportunities. This role reports directly to the CFO. This department oversees the environmental and sustainability management functions. It is responsible for the development and implementation of the water strategy of the company, in line with its strategic priorities that include water management as one of its main pillars. This includes delivering projects regarding water reuse and effluent recovery, as to meet our 2030 goal of reaching a water-use ratio of 1.27 (currently 1.71 in 2022). They meet monthly with the Culture, Ethics and Sustainability Committee of the Board to review gaps in management and advances in actions related to water issues. Lastly, they present directly to the Board on the key strategic advances related to water issues on an annual basis, such as the water-use ratio.

W6.4

(W6.4) ¿Proporciona incentivos a empleados de primera línea (C-suite) o miembros de la junta por la gestión de asuntos relacionados con el agua?

	Se brindan incentivos para la gestión de asuntos relacionados con el agua	Comentario
Fila 1	Sí	COOs (Country General Managers) at the Units of Brasil, Argentina, Chile and Paraguay, as well as the CFO, have water consumption as a key objective on the defined management objectives plan. Receipt of this incentive is linked to the achievement of strategic targets of achieving a Water Use Ratio of 1.27 liters per liter of beverage produced, by 2030. Performance is monitored at an executive level and the bonus is awarded subject to completion of the yearly projected targets to meet the long-term target.

W6.4a

(W6.4a) ¿Qué incentivos se les proporciona a los empleados C-suite o miembros de la junta por la administración de los asuntos relacionados con el agua (no incluya los nombres de las personas)?

	Puestos(s) con derecho a recibir el incentivo	Indicador de desempeño	Aporte de incentivos para lograr los compromisos de su organización relacionados con el agua	Por favor, explique.
Recompensa monetaria	Director de Finanzas (CFO) Director de Operaciones (COO)	Mejoras de la eficiencia hídrica - operaciones directas	Country General Managers at the Units of Brazil, Argentina, Chile and Paraguay (equivalent to Chief Operating Officers for each country in which we operate) and the CFO of the company have water consumption as a key objective on their defined management objectives plan. Receipt of this incentive is linked to the achievement of strategic targets of achieving a Water Use Ratio of 1.27 liters per liter of beverage produced, by 2030 (this KPI stood at 1.71 in 2022). This is part of our corporate 2030 objectives. Performance is monitored at an executive level and the bonus is awarded subject to completion of the yearly projected targets to meet the long-term target. Hence, these incentives contribute directly to achieve our 2030 water-related goal.	The achievement of water related objectives is included within the annual variable remuneration of the company's CFO and Country General Managers of the business units of Brasil, Chile, Argentina and Paraguay, framed within our 2030 corporate goal of achieving a Water Use Ratio of 1.27 liters per liter of beverage produced.
Recompensa no monetaria	Otro. Especifique. (other employees in the Department of Management Control, Risk and Sustainability, and in operations in each country.)	Mejoras de la eficiencia hídrica - operaciones directas	Different employees in operations from Chile, Argentina, Brazil and Paraguay, as well as employees from the Department of Management Control, Risk and Sustainability, have water consumption as relevant KPI for their annual performance appraisal process. Completion of the yearly projected targets to meet the long-term target of achieving a Water Use Ratio of 1.27 liters per liter of beverage produced, by 2030, has a positive impact in the performance appraisal process of these employees.	The achievement of water related objectives is included within the annual performance appraisal process of employees in operations from Chile, Argentina, Brazil and Paraguay, as well as employees from the Department of Management Control, Risk and Sustainability. These efforts are framed within our 2030 corporate goal of achieving a Water Use Ratio of 1.27 liters per liter of beverage produced.

W6.5

(W6.5) ¿Participa en actividades que podrían influir de manera directa o indirecta en las políticas públicas relacionadas con el agua mediante alguna de las siguientes opciones?
Sí, a través de asociaciones comerciales
Sí, a través de otra forma

W6.5a

(W6.5a) ¿Qué procesos tiene implementados para garantizar que todas sus actividades directas e indirectas que influencian las políticas sean coherentes con sus compromisos con el agua/políticas sobre el agua?

Embotelladora Andina has a Department of Management Control, Risk and Sustainability which is in charge of directing and managing all activities under the influence of our water strategy and any environmental matters. The Department monitors and manages compliance with our water-related policies and ensures that our collaboration with third parties regarding water resources and management is aligned with this policy. If inconsistency with our Environmental Management Policy is identified, including on water-related issues, this is escalated for analysis by this Department so that appropriate corrections can be taken.

We actively work with different NGOs and organizations with experience in environmental and water conservation, as well as with regulators and government agencies. We have worked with organizations such as Fundación Agua es Vida, Fundación Avina, Viña del Mar's Botanic Gardena and The Nature Conservancy in Chile, and in Paraguay with Fundación Moisés Bertoni and Fundación Avina. During 2022, the Company made no contributions to campaigns or political organizations, as it is prohibited by Chilean law. On the other hand, each year the company supports different associations for commercial benefit and production, such as bottlers associations.

W6.6

(W6.6) ¿Su organización incluyó información sobre su respuesta a los riesgos relacionados con el agua en el reporte financiero convencional más reciente?

Sí (puede adjuntar el reporte; esto es opcional)

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W7. Estrategia de negocio

W7.1

(W7.1) ¿Los asuntos relacionados con el agua están integrados en algún aspecto del plan estratégico a largo plazo de su empresa? Si es así, ¿de qué forma?

	¿Los asuntos relacionados con el agua están integrados?	Largo plazo (años)	Por favor, explique.
Objetivos a largo plazo de la empresa	Si, los asuntos relacionados con el agua están integrados	11-15	Water related issues are integrated into long-term business objectives, as within our corporate 2030 objectives, we have a target of achieving a Water Use Ratio of 1.27 liters per liter of beverage produced, by 2030. This KPI stood at 1.71 in 2022 and has decreased by 15% in the last 5 years. The base year for this 2030 objective was 2017, which shows that the goal was set with a time horizon of more than 10 years ahead.
Estrategia para lograr los objetivos a largo plazo	Si, los asuntos relacionados con el agua están integrados	11-15	Water efficiency objectives are managed from the annual business plan, which is reviewed by the CFO and every three months by the CEO. Different strategies regarding water efficiency are monitored in order to achieve our 2030 objective of reaching a WUR of 1.27 liters per liter of beverage produced. The base year for this 2030 objective was 2017, which shows that the strategy for reaching this goal was generated with a time horizon of more than 10 years ahead.
Planificación financiera	Si, los asuntos relacionados con el agua están integrados	11-15	Water efficiency objectives are managed from the annual business plan, which is reviewed by the CFO and every three months by the CEO. In order to materialize the different water efficiency strategies, we have to implement as to reach our 2030 objective, different financial investments are planned and implemented as to improve water efficiency within our operations. Different investments have been planned and implemented since the setting of the 2030 water goal of the company (2017 baseline), which shows that financial planning was performed with a time horizon of more than 10 years ahead.

W7.2

(W7.2) ¿Cuál es la tendencia en los gastos de capital (CAPEX) y gastos operacionales (OPEX) relacionados con el agua de su organización para el año de reporte, y cuál es la tendencia anticipada para el próximo año de reporte?

Fila 1

Gastos de capital relacionados con el agua (+/- % de cambio)

34.5

Tendencia anticipada para los gastos de capital (+/- % de cambio)

420

Gastos operativos relacionados con el agua (+/- % de cambio)

24.8

Tendencia anticipada para los gastos operacionales (+/- % de cambio)

-6

Por favor, explique.

In line with our 2030 commitments, we aim to achieve a water consumption of 1.27 liters per liter of beverage produced (WUR target). To attain this, every operation had to submit their investment plans starting from 2021. The investment in 2022 has increased by 34.5% compared to the previous year. We anticipate a significant rise in CAPEX by 2024 to enhance water efficiency and reach our target. Notably, we have already approved investments for meeting industrial water treatment standards in Chile, including a new effluent treatment plant, and the expansion of the existing effluent plant in Argentina. We also have plans for a new effluent recovery plant to reuse water in the production process and implement ozone-based cleaning-in-place (CIP) processes. Between 2021 and 2022, our OPEX has risen due to maintenance of water-related equipment (effluents and Osmosis Plants), but we expect a slight decrease in the coming years as the need to purchase water from external sources diminishes.

W7.3

(W7.3) ¿Su organización utiliza análisis de escenarios para informar su estrategia de negocio?

	Uso de análisis de escenarios	Comentario
Fila 1	Sí	Embotelladora Andina has undertaken climate-related scenario analysis using the IEA Sustainable Development Scenario and RCP 8.5 climate scenario. The use of this tool allows the Company to understand a range of possible future changes in temperature and precipitation patterns and take appropriate strategic action to manage exposure to risks and develop opportunities.

W7.3a

(W7.3a) Proporcione detalles del análisis de escenarios, qué resultados relacionados el agua se identificaron y cómo han influido en la estrategia de negocio de su organización.

	Tipo de análisis de escenarios usado	Parámetros, suposiciones y elecciones analíticas	Descripción de los posibles resultados relativos al agua	Influencia en la estrategia de negocio
Fila 1	Riesgo relacionado con el agua Riesgo relacionado con el clima	IEA SDS and RCP 8.5 climate scenarios encompass certain assumptions and parameters which allow the analysis of certain risks and opportunities arising from these scenarios. RCP 8.5 scenario assumes a rapid increase in emissions in the early/mid 2000's, atmospheric CO2 levels reach 950 ppm by 2100, no new decarbonization technologies or regulations to manage greenhouse gas emissions, and global population reaches 12 billion by 2100. IEA SDS assumes CO2 emissions drop to zero around 2070 and there are rapid reductions in non-CO2 emissions. The 1.5 °C level is exceeded in the early 2030s and the rise in temperature peaks at just under 1.7 °C around 2050. The IEA SDS scenario is in line with the Paris Agreement objective of "holding the increase in the global average temperature to well below 2 °C	Assessed for 2030, risk assessment for RCP 8.5 scenario found that some of Embotelladora Andina's operations may see reduced rainfall and extended drought, as well a decrease in availability of agriculture commodities due to climatic factors impacting harvest of ingredients, and a lack of river flow limiting availability of energy from hydroelectric sources. These climate stressors may lead to a range of water-related outcomes, such as decrease in water availability and a related increase in spending for water to include in beverages. Also, a decrease in availability of agriculture commodities due to climatic factors impacting harvest of ingredients would imply an increase in agricultural commodity prices, which would add to our procurement and overall production costs.	The findings of this scenario analysis are taken into account in the risk analysis and management processes of the Company, with insights used by various departments to inform strategic actions, such as land acquisition and supply chain management. As part of our 2030 Value Creation Strategy, we have established both long term targets associated with our climate change impact. For example, we established the goal to reduce water use ratio (WUR) to 1.27 liters of water consumed per liter of beverage produced by 2030, with WUR standing at 1.71 in 2022. The possible water-related outcomes of the scenario analysis has also influenced the prioritization of investment plans in the most exposed plants to these risks. In the case of our Renca plant in Chile, the company has accelerated investments, with plans for a future wastewater treatment plant to promote water recycling.

W7.4

(W7.4) ¿Su empresa utiliza un precio interno para el agua?

Fila 1

¿Su empresa utiliza un precio interno para el agua?

Sí

Por favor, explique.

To support our water stewardship strategy, we now take into account the real cost of water in each country where we operate. For instance, in Paraguay, we only consider water treatment costs since there is currently no charge for using groundwater (0.68 USD/m3).

On the other hand, the calculation in Brazil is quite different, and the costs are significantly higher compared to other countries. In Brazil, we factor in water treatment costs equivalent to 35.49 Real/m3 (around 7 USD/m3), along with an additional cost of 18.45% for wastewater discharge. This brings the total cost to 42 Real/m3 (approximately 8.75 USD/m3). Brazilian water projects not only focus on saving consumption, but may also offer a return on investment, which is very unusual. The investment in expanding the effluent recovery system at the Jacarepaguá Plant only cost USD 800,000 and estimated saving of 1,440 m3 per day. As for Chile and Argentina, we are assessing on how this internal water price will be valued.

W7.5

(W7.5) ¿Clasifica a alguno de sus productos y/o servicios actuales como producto o servicio con un bajo impacto en el agua?

	Productos y/o servicios clasificados como productos o servicios con bajo impacto en el agua	Definición usada para clasificar el bajo impacto en el agua	Motivo principal por el que no clasifica a ninguno de sus productos y/o servicios actuales como productos o servicios con un bajo impacto en el agua	Por favor, explique.
Fila 1	Sí	The definition used to classify our products as having low water impacts corresponds to those product lines which have a substantially lower water use ratio (liters of water consumed per liter of beverage produced) than the rest of our product lines. Our product lines classify as low water impact are those corresponding to our different mineral water products, as they are the beverages with the lowest water footprint to manufacture. These products use a water use ratio close to 1 (average water use ratio for all the company products was 1.71 in 2022). In Argentina, we market our mineral water products under the Bonaqua brand, which in 2022 has become the number one brand in the mineral water category. In Chile mineral water is marketed under the brands Vital Aguas, Benedictino and others, in Brazil under the Crystal brand and in Paraguay under the Dasani and Benedictino brands.	<Not Applicable>	At Coca-Cola Andina we constantly monitor and look for ways to reduce the water footprint of our beverages. We are aware that water is a key ingredient throughout our value chain, which is why we continue to try to make the process more efficient in the use of water. Soft drink products represented 71% of sales by volume in 2022 and in second place is the water segment, which represents 12% of sales by volume. So, by tracking this, we could know how much our low water impact products weigh in our water footprint. We have a long-term target by 2030 of reaching a water use ratio of 1.27 liters of water consumed per liter of beverage produced, of which we currently stand at 1.71 liters of water consumed per liter produced in 2022. This Water Use Ratio has decreased by 15 % over the past five years.

W8. Metas

W8.1

(W8.1) ¿Tiene alguna meta relacionada con el agua?

Sí

W8.1a

(W8.1a) Indique si tiene metas relacionadas con la contaminación del agua, la extracción de agua, los servicios de WASH u otras categorías relacionadas con el agua.

	Meta definida en esta categoría	Por favor, explique.
Contaminación del agua	Sí	<Not Applicable>
Extracción de agua	Sí	<Not Applicable>
Servicios de agua, saneamiento e higiene (WASH)	No, y no planificamos hacerlo dentro de los próximos dos años	This category is currently not an issue for Coca-Cola Andina because Chilean law establishes that workers must have access to drinking water and hygiene services as a license to operate. According to Chilean law (Article 21 of Supreme Decree 594), for every 10 workers there must be at least one sink, toilet and shower, independent and separated by gender. The access that the Company provides its workers to hygienic services goes beyond the minimum requirements established by law and all our workers have access to drinking water, sanitation and hygiene services in all our operations. Additionally, as a food company, we must follow strict food safety standards. We have FSSC 22000 certification in all our plants, which guarantees that workers have access and follow strict hygiene and sanitation protocols for the safety of our products and processes.
Otro	Sí	<Not Applicable>

W8.1b

(W8.1b) Proporcione detalles de las metas relacionadas con el agua y el progreso logrado.

Número de referencia de la meta
Meta 1

Categoría de la meta
Extracción de agua

Cobertura de la meta
Para toda la empresa (operaciones directas únicamente)

Unidad de medida cuantitativa
Reducción de las extracciones por unidad de producción

Año en que se fijó la meta
2020

Año base
2017

Cifra del año base
211

Año meta
2030

Cifra del año meta
127

Cifra del año de reporte
171

% de la meta logrado en relación con el año base

Estado de la meta en el año de reporte
En progreso

Por favor, explique.
As part of our 2030 Value Creation Strategy, we have set long-term goals associated with our water impact. In this case, we set ourselves the target of reducing the Water Use Rate (WUR) to 1.27 liters of water consumed per liter of beverage produced by 2030. This means that for every liter of beverage produced, we aim to use 1.27 liters in our operations by 2030.

We initially set this objective in 2017 when our WUR stood at 2.11 liters of water consumed per liter of beverage produced. Since then, we have made significant progress, achieving a WUR of 1.71 liters of water consumed per liter of beverage produced in 2022. This signifies a 48% advancement towards our 2030 target, well ahead of the expected linear projection. Our estimated WUR by 2022 was 1.79 liters of water consumed per liter of beverage produced, but we have already surpassed that figure. With our current ratio of 1.71 liters of water consumed per liter of beverage produced, we are confident in our trajectory towards achieving this target by 2030.

Número de referencia de la meta
Meta 2

Categoría de la meta
Contaminación del agua

Cobertura de la meta
Para toda la empresa (operaciones directas únicamente)

Unidad de medida cuantitativa
Aumento de la proporción de agua residual que se trata de forma segura

Año en que se fijó la meta
2022

Año base
2022

Cifra del año base
70.5

Año meta
2026

Cifra del año meta
90

Cifra del año de reporte
73

% de la meta logrado en relación con el año base

Estado de la meta en el año de reporte
En progreso

Por favor, explique.
On a yearly basis, we look to treat all water effluents that are produced in our facilities. Moreover, we keep making efforts to carry out this treatment in our own wastewater treatment plants. Hence, we have a 2026 goal of treating 90% of the effluents produced in our operations in our own treatment plants. As of 2022, this KPI stood at 73%, because operations in Chile still treat 89% of their effluents with third parties. This is expected to change, as an effluent treatment plant has been approved for construction on the Renca plant in Chile by 2024. This will bring the company closer to its 2026 target to treat 90% of wastewater in our own treatment plants.

W9. Verificación

W9.1

(W9.1) ¿Verifica otro tipo de información relativa al agua informada en su divulgación de CDP (no incluida ya en la pregunta W5.1a)?

Sí

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W9.1a

(W9.1a) ¿Qué puntos de entrada de datos en su divulgación de CDP se han verificado, y qué estándares se utilizaron?

Módulo de divulgación	Datos verificados	Estándar de verificación	Por favor, explique.
W1 Estado actual	Water extraction, reuse, and discharge	ISAE 3000	Data included in the CDP data points W1 Current State, W2 Business Impacts, W4 Risks and Opportunities, W5 Governance, W7 Strategy and W8 Targets was verified as part of the verification of water-related data for our 2022 Integrated Report under ISAE 3000 standards.
W2 Impactos en el negocio	Environmental compliance	ISAE 3000	Data included in the CDP data points W1 Current State, W2 Business Impacts, W4 Risks and Opportunities, W5 Governance, W7 Strategy and W8 Targets was verified as part of the verification of water-related data for our 2022 Integrated Report under ISAE 3000 standards.
W4 Riesgos y oportunidades	Water-related risks.	ISAE 3000	Data included in the CDP data points W1 Current State, W2 Business Impacts, W4 Risks and Opportunities, W5 Governance, W7 Strategy and W8 Targets was verified as part of the verification of water-related data for our 2022 Integrated Report under ISAE 3000 standards.
W6 Gobernanza	Management approach	ISAE 3000	Data included in the CDP data points W1 Current State, W2 Business Impacts, W4 Risks and Opportunities, W5 Governance, W7 Strategy and W8 Targets was verified as part of the verification of water-related data for our 2022 Integrated Report under ISAE 3000 standards.
W8 Metas	Water related targets	ISAE 3000	Data included in the CDP data points W1 Current State, W2 Business Impacts, W4 Risks and Opportunities, W5 Governance, W7 Strategy and W8 Targets was verified as part of the verification of water-related data for our 2022 Integrated Report under ISAE 3000 standards.

W10. Plásticos

W10.1

(W10.1) ¿Ha mapeado en qué parte de su cadena de valor se usan y/o producen plásticos?

	Mapeo de plásticos	Etapa de la cadena de valor	Por favor, explique.
Fila 1	Sí	Operaciones directas Fase de uso del producto	

W10.2

(W10.2) En su cadena de valor, ¿ha evaluado los impactos potenciales para el medio ambiente y la salud humano de su uso y/o producción de plásticos?

	Evaluación de impactos	Etapa de la cadena de valor	Por favor, explique.
Fila 1	Sí	Operaciones directas Fase de uso del producto	

W10.3

(W10.3) En su cadena de valor, ¿está expuesto a algún riesgo relacionado con los plásticos que pueda tener un impacto estratégico o financiero sustancial en su actividad comercial? Si es así, proporcione detalles.

	Exposición al riesgo	Etapa de la cadena de valor	Tipo de riesgo	Por favor, explique.
Fila 1	Sí	Operaciones directas Fase de uso del producto	Seleccione	

W10.4

(W10.4) ¿Tiene metas relacionadas con los plásticos? Si es así, ¿de qué tipo son?

	Metas implementadas	Tipo de meta	Unidad de medida de la meta	Por favor, explique.
Fila 1	Sí	Empaquetado de plástico Gestión de residuos	Aumentar la proporción del contenido reciclado posconsumo en el empaquetado de plástico Aumentar la proporción del empaquetado de plástico que es reutilizable Otro. Especifique. (Increase the proportion of sales in the returnable segment on the NARTD (Non Alcoholic Ready To Drink) sold)	

W10.5

(W10.5) Indique si su organización participa en las siguientes actividades.

	La actividad corresponde	Comentario
Producción de polímeros de plástico	Sí	
Producción de componentes plásticos duraderos	No	
Producción/Comercialización de productos plásticos duraderos (incluidos materiales mixtos)	Sí	
Producción/Comercialización de empaquetado de plástico	Sí	
Producción de empaquetado de bienes en plástico	Sí	
Provisión/Comercialización de servicios o bienes que usan empaquetado de plástico (p. ej., servicios de alimentos o bienes al por menor)	Sí	

W10.6

(W10.6) Proporcione el peso total de los polímeros de plástico vendidos e indique el contenido de materias primas.

Fila 1

Peso total de los polímeros de plástico vendidos durante el año de reporte (toneladas métricas)

Porcentajes del contenido de materias primas disponibles para divulgar

% del contenido basado en fósiles vírgenes
<Not Applicable>

% del contenido renovable virgen
<Not Applicable>

% del contenido reciclado posindustrial
<Not Applicable>

% del contenido reciclado posconsumo
<Not Applicable>

Por favor, explique.

W10.7

(W10.7) Proporcione el peso total de los componentes/bienes duraderos de plástico vendidos e indique el contenido de materias primas.

Fila 1

Peso total de los componentes/bienes duraderos de plástico vendidos durante el año de reporte (toneladas métricas)

Porcentajes del contenido de materias primas disponibles para divulgar

% del contenido basado en fósiles vírgenes
<Not Applicable>

% del contenido renovable virgen
<Not Applicable>

% del contenido reciclado posindustrial
<Not Applicable>

% del contenido reciclado posconsumo
<Not Applicable>

Por favor, explique.

W10.8

(W10.8) Proporcione el peso total del empaquetado de plástico vendido y/o usado, e indique el contenido de materias primas.

	Peso total de los empaquetados de plástico vendidos/usado durante el año de reporte (toneladas métricas)	Porcentajes del contenido de materias primas disponibles para divulgar	% del contenido basado en fósiles vírgenes	% del contenido renovable virgen	% del contenido reciclado posindustrial	% del contenido reciclado posconsumo	Por favor, explique.
Empaquetados de plástico vendidos		Seleccione	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	
Empaquetados de plástico usados		Seleccione	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	

W10.8a

(W10.8a) Indique el potencial de circularidad del empaquetado de plástico que vendió y/o usó.

	Porcentajes disponibles para informar el potencial de circularidad	% del empaquetado de plástico que es reutilizable	% del empaquetado de plástico que es técnicamente reciclable	% del empaquetado de plástico que es reciclable en la práctica a escala	Por favor, explique.
Empaquetados de plástico vendidos	Seleccione	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	
Empaquetados de plástico usados	Seleccione	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	

W11. Firma

W-FI

(W-FI) Utilice este campo para proporcionar cualquier información adicional o contexto que sienta es relevante para la respuesta de su organización. Observe que este campo es opcional y no se califica.

W11.1

(W11.1) Proporcione detalles de la persona que ha firmado (aprobado) su cuestionario de seguridad hídrica de CDP.

	Puesto	Categoría del puesto correspondiente
Fila 1	CFO	Director de Finanzas (CFO)

Enviar respuesta

¿En qué idioma envía su respuesta?
Inglés

Confirme cómo CDP debe manejar su respuesta.

	Comprendo que mi respuesta se compartirá con todas las partes interesadas que soliciten información.	Permiso para la respuesta
Seleccione las opciones para enviar la respuesta	Sí	Público

Indique su consentimiento para que CDP comparta sus datos de contacto con el Pacific Institute para compartir contenido de su sitio web de Water Action Hub.
Sí, CDP puede compartir los datos de contacto de nuestro Usuario principal con el Pacific Institute

Confirme lo siguiente
He leído y acepto los Términos y Condiciones aplicables